

GREAT BATTLE WILL BE DECIDED TOMORROW

CHEMIST'S REPORT Baffles Detectives

SENATOR CHARGES BRIBERY

Sensation is Sprung in Colorado Governor Contest.

DENVER, March 6.—Senator R. W. Morgan (Republican), of Boulder county, announced at the opening of the joint convention of the general assembly today that \$15,000 had been offered him, and \$750 had already been given him for his vote for Governor Alva Adams in the contest for the office of Governor.

He produced the money, which he said he had received and it was handed to District Attorney Stidger, who will file charges in court against the men who, Senator Morgan said, had attempted to bribe him.

A bribery committee was appointed by the general assembly to investigate the charge.

THE BRIBERS.
Senator Morgan named James M. Herbert, vice-president and general manager of the Colorado & Southern Railway and Postmaster Daniel Sullivan of Cripple Creek as the men who bribed him. District Attorney Stidger did not believe against Messrs. Herbert and Sullivan in the criminal court charging them with bribery of a member of the Legislature. Bonds were immediately furnished. Mr. Herbert issued the following statement:

THE MEETING.
"Mr. Morgan came to my rooms in the Brown Palace Hotel here Thursday with Mr. Daniel Sullivan. Mr. Morgan stated that he and his people were for the seating of Mr. Adams; that Boulder county had gone for Mr. Adams; and that he had told Governor Adams the same thing; that the pressure was so great from the people that they might drive him out of the State if he did not vote with them, as they were browbeating and bulldozing many Republican members of the Legislature and making threats against them in business and in politics. That he was convinced the Peabody people had no choice."

THE DENIAL.
Mr. Morgan stated that he had been offered \$3,000 by Peabody people and he ought to have \$5,000. He stood by Adams and incurred the enmity of the Peabody people. I told him that I would not pay any member of the Legislature to vote one way or the other in the governorship contest. Mr. Morgan was very insistent and finally said he would take \$15,000. I absolutely refused to have anything to do with him and he went away. Mr. Sullivan was present during the entire conversation.

TELLS HIS STORY.
"Senator Morgan approached me several days ago," said Postmaster Sullivan. "and told me in the presence of witnesses that he was anxious to vote for Governor Adams because Peabody had failed to make a case. I told him that I had always believed that he was tied up to the Peabody side, but he vehemently denied the charge. He pleaded with me to take him to Mr. Herbert and while I suspected that he was not honest with us, I could see no harm in permitting him to talk with Mr. Herbert. Fortunately, I was in the room during the conversation and heard him solicit the bribe and Mr. Herbert emphatically declined to consider it."

DEMOCRATS CHARGE. That Senator Morgan's statement is part of a criminal plot concocted in the interest of former Governor Peabody.

BIG BATTLE IS STILL RAGING.



Both Sides Fighting Hard But Japs Appear to Have Best of Fight.

MUKDEN, Sunday, March 5, 6 p. m.—All day long the battle raged ceaselessly. The Japanese have concentrated their energies on Machiupu for the possession of which they have been struggling for two days, but with all their gallantry the Japanese were unable to dislodge the Russians, who are clinging to their works with bull-dog tenacity.

HUN RIVER.
Japanese shrapnel has been bursting within a mile and a half of the Hun railway bridge, which evidently is the Japanese objective. The capture of that position would render the capture of the Hun river positions south of Mukden tentative. A fierce and continuous artillery fire is taking place about four miles north of Machiupu. From the Hun bridge along the line of battle stretches in both directions as far as the eye can see.

charge against Mrs. Chadwick was conspiracy against the United States in connection with financial irregularities committed in various transactions with the Citizen's National Bank of Oberlin.

Mr. Dawley then commenced the examination of the jury, asking them, in addition to the regular routine questions, if they were capable of giving fair consideration to the evidence notwithstanding the fact that the United States was a party to the suit. He was busy with the third juror when the door opened and Andrew Carnegie, followed by S. T. Everett, at whose home he is staying, entered the room. Mr. Carnegie gave one quick glance at the woman sitting by the table, and then walked up completely past her to a seat on the east side of the court room.

Northward toward Tatschekiao and eastward along the Shakhie river it is marked by a line of bursting shells.

THE DECISION.
The Russian losses are not excessive, considering the severity of the five days' fighting. The Japanese, as the attackers, have suffered heavier than the Russians. A decision in the battle should be reached tomorrow or Tuesday.

GUNS ROAR.
At 4:30 this afternoon guns began to roar to the north and northwest of the Mukden station, where General Kuropatkin is launching an attack against the Japanese extreme left. During last night the Japanese repeatedly assaulted Pienchiapudgu, Katou Pass and Kantayen farther east, but all their efforts were unavailing.

The bombardment of Erdagou, Novgorod and Poutloff hills continues unsuccessfully.

BOMBARDING THE HEIGHTS.
GENERAL KUROPATKIN'S HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, Sunday, March 5, via Fusan.—The Japanese bombardment of Wapao mountain and the neighboring heights continues without cessation in the daytime.

The Japanese force in the hills opposite Waitao mountain gained ground by another night attack, pushing the Russians further up the hills. Another Japanese force co-operating east of Waitao mountain crossed the river and took the first Russian line.

RUSSIANS PUT UP GOOD DEFENSE.
TOKIO, March 5.—Field headquarters of the Manchurian armies, reporting yesterday, says:
"In the direction of Sing Ching the enemy continues to make a stubborn resistance at several lines of his defensive works."
"In the direction of the Shakhie river our detachment attacked the northern eminence of Pimnapoo Saturday."
"Our force in the neighborhood of Housupatouzu occupied a redoubt on a

DEVLIN GIVEN POSITION

President Appoints Him U. S. District Attorney.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Robert T. Devlin has been appointed by the President as United States District Attorney for the Northern District of California with headquarters at San Francisco.

Mr. Devlin is well known in this State. He is a resident of Sacramento and was formerly State Senator. He is a member of the Board of Prison Directors. Mr. Devlin is a lawyer of much ability.

height northeast of that village and east of the railroad at dawn Sunday. At 8 o'clock on the same morning our force occupied Liuchaingun, three miles southeast of Wapao, mountain and pressed part of the enemy into the center of the village, where we are now surrounding them.

West of the railroad on the same day our force captured Hanchangpao and Siaochuchapao and their vicinities and this force is now continuing its advance toward Suchiatun. The railroad station at Suchiatun is now burning.

Suchiatun is the starting point of the railroad which the Russians have constructed westward to Suhupao.

CZAR'S MEN IN GREAT DISORDER.
GENERAL OKU'S HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, March 4, 2 p. m., via Fusan (Delayed in transmission).—Since last (Friday) night the Japanese left, which is now extending north and south, has advanced several miles. The Russians are retreating in great disorder.

The Japanese extreme left is now fifteen miles northwest of Mukden and is advancing rapidly. The escape of the main Russian force seems impossible. It is already estimated that the Russians have lost over ten thousand men.

The Russians are throwing away their arms and clothing in order to facilitate their escape.

CONTENDING FOR LOST GROUND.
MUKDEN, Saturday, March 4.—The eastern Russian army is reported to be contending aggressively for the ground lost at Ta Mountain.

There are renewed rumors that Japanese infantry has been sighted north of Fushun and moving west. The turning of the Russian right to a complete right angle hinging on Sinchinpu has furnished the most remarkable strategic situation of the whole war. All day the Japanese batteries have been breaking shrapnel over the swamp land running southwest from the Imperial tombs in full view of the populace crowding the railroad station, the roofs of the adjoining houses and every elevation. The Japanese have been encouraged to renewed endeavors by the sight of puffing engines and a long line of trains and carts going northward.

Nine miles north of Sinchinpu the Japanese reached the old railway embankment facing Machiupu, their line thence running north to Tatschekiao on the Sinkinkin road. Although the greatest battle of the war is being fought around Mukden, the Chinese are strangely indifferent. General Kuropatkin has assured the army that he relies upon the men being able to hold their present positions.

TRACE OF POISON RALSTON FOUND.

Detectives Waiting For Complete Report of the Chemists at Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—"We are no nearer a solution of the mystery surrounding the death of Mrs. Stanford than we were two days ago," said Captain of Detectives Burnett this morning.

WAS THERE A CRIME?
"Until it has been established that a crime has actually been committed, the hands of the local police department will be tied."

MAKES DENIAL.
A local paper published a story this morning to the effect that High Sheriff Henry absolutely denies having sent a cable to Captain John Spillane, acting chief of police of the department here, saying that the chemists had found strychnine in the bicarbonate of soda which remained in the bottle from which Mrs. Stanford took the dose on the night of her death.

Such a cable, dated March 2d, and signed by William Henry, High Sheriff, was received by the chief of police here.

The message in question stated that 600 grains of strychnine were found in the soda remaining in the bottle. If High Sheriff Henry did not send this cablegram then some one who impersonated him in Honolulu did so.

The police look upon the latter solution as improbable.

JORDAN'S TRIP.
Mr. Mountford Wilson, attorney for the Stanford estate, said today that the body would be brought to this country on the steamer Alameda and not on the China as has been previously stated.

When asked if the visit President Jordan of the Leland Stanford Jr. University and Timothy Hopkins, a trustee of that institution, had any special significance so far as the investigation of Mrs. Stanford's death was concerned, he replied that it had not.

"These gentlemen go to Honolulu merely to act as an escort of honor on the trip home."

QUESTION BEVERLY.
This afternoon ex-butler Beverly will be questioned by the police. Beverly was not sent for but comes voluntarily to tell what he knows of the case.

FOUND A TRACE OF THE POISON.
HONOLULU, March 6.—Any theory that the death of Mrs. Stanford was due to acute indigestion is exploded by the fact that the autopsy shows the stomach of the deceased contained only water.

There were minor particles in the intestines which contained thick fluid blood, this being an indication of poisoning.

Until late last night these discoveries were kept secret. Even now the findings have not been made public officially. There exists here at the present time a most remarkable reticence.

On the part of the officials. While there is no reason that the result of the autopsy should be kept secret, it is a fact that both High Sheriff Henry and Deputy High Sheriff Rawlins have instructed the autopsy surgeons to say nothing about their findings until this afternoon. Then there will be issued a complete report of the autopsy. An inquest will follow.

TRACE OF POISONING.
The most important of these facts is that there has been found in Mrs. Stanford's intestines a distinct indication of poisoning. This trace is not so plain as the chemists would like to find before placing themselves upon record as having discovered evidences of poison. Yet while there does not exist the sufficiency of evidence which the chemists would like to find, it is still a fact that there was found in Mrs. Stanford's intestines plenty of indication that an irritant poison was used. This discovery was a blow to the theory that Mrs. Stanford died a natural death.

The chemists found that the organs showed signs of advanced age. Yet these signs were not sufficiently pronounced to make the examiners decide that Mrs. Stanford's death was due to natural causes.

The men that examined Mrs. Stanford's body spent tonight in preparing the written report which they will render to-morrow. All of them had been warned to say nothing about the result of their labors. This injunction was not obeyed.

Officially the only person that was supposed to get the proper report beforehand was High Sheriff Henry. With him the developments in the case now rest. Whether he will make an arrest at the present time is as yet uncertain. He cannot be hesitating because of insufficiency of information, because he knows tonight all that it will be possible for him to learn from the autopsy.

He is fully aware of what was found in the intestines. There has been much comment here on account of Henry's reluctance to move in the matter.

MISS BERNERIN STATE OF COLAPSE.
HONOLULU, March 6.—Bertha Berner is hovering upon the verge of collapse. The little Belgian woman who for twenty years had been the close associate of Mrs. Stanford, has aged perceptibly since her arrest and today her condition is pitiable.

The grief natural to one who for so many years had been closely affiliated with Mrs. Stanford is surpassed by Miss Berner, whose acute mental distress is apparent to every one at the Moana Hotel. The secretary has withdrawn herself from all the other guests. She spends her time by herself in her own room. She did not quit her apartment today.

She says she has no theory with which to account for Mrs. Stanford's death. She cannot talk coherently about the death of her patron. All that she can say is that she is sorry and that she hopes that the mystery of Mrs. Stanford's death will sometime be solved.

Miss Berner's low spirits is the subject of comment by everybody about the hotel.

Buffalo Bill Testifies in His Divorce Case.
OMAHA, March 6.—The taking of depositions on behalf of William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), in his petition for divorce was begun at the Merchants Hotel in this city today. Col. Cody gave his testimony today.

Some testimony was also taken yesterday. The hearings are not open to the public. Col. Cody having agreed not to give the testimony to the press until it is filed in the court at Cheyenne. An attorney, familiar with the case, however, outlined some of the testimony already given.

William Whalen of North Platte was the first witness. He was with Cody in 1892 and 1893, and has been an intimate friend of the family. He testified that when the Richard Bennett theatrical company visited North Platte in 1894 the members of the company visited the Cody ranch.

Whalen testified that Mrs. Cody said that she did not understand why Cody brought such people to the house.

He also testified that at another time Mrs. Cody made remarks in the presence of Cody's guests of the manner in which he brought friends to the house for the purpose of getting drunk.

Col. Cody replied during his testimony today to depositions made on behalf of the defendant, explaining a number of statements made by Clair of New York and Blake of Denver.

RALSTON BILL IS BEATEN

Anti-Boycott Measure has Few Backers in the Upper House.

SACRAMENTO, March 6.—Senator Ralston's bill No. 298, known as the anti-boycott measure, was defeated by a vote of 27 to 4 after a hard fight in the Upper House today. The bill was framed to prevent picketing and boycotting by members of labor unions and the distribution of black lists by employers.

Samuel of Los Angeles spoke briefly against the bill, and Keane of San Francisco declared the proposed law to be directly against organized labor.

Ward of San Diego said: "The time for the passage of such a measure as Ralston's is inopportune. The controversy between capital and labor are adjusting themselves rapidly and the enactment of such a law might check the progress now being made toward satisfactory settlement."

Wolfe of San Francisco also opposed the bill. He said that since the organization of the Citizens' Alliance boycotting is not as popular as it was formerly. Labor troubles are now being settled by arbitration.

Irish of Sierra, favored the bill on the ground that according to should be frowned down as un-American. Markey of San Francisco, who is a representative of organized labor, said the bill was vicious.

Lukens of Alameda said the bill was immature and should not pass. In closing the debate Ralston said he had introduced the measure in good faith. The time for recess was extended that a vote might be taken on the bill.

SPIRITS OF THE MEN EXCELLENT.
MUKDEN, March 6.—An official report in the Army Messenger says: "The southern position is unchanged so far as Shukhe."

After acknowledging that the central army had fallen back from Sinchinpu in order to contract the length of the line of battle connecting the inner positions, the Army Messenger adds:

"The spirits of the men are excellent. Marvellous composure is being displayed considering the approaching crisis."

The paper admits the Russian losses are heavy, but says the battle is going on successfully. All the roads leading from Manchapu and the western plain which has suddenly been invaded by the battle, are crowded with Chinese refugees. Opposite Poutloff Hill the Russians are reported to have captured two machine guns.

Piao's Cure is an effective remedy for colds on the lungs. All druggists. 25c.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE.
Of the fine furniture, carpets, pianos, rugs, etc., by order of T. W. Hanson, J. Colby and others, at 1007 Clay street, near Eleventh, Oakland. Sale Tuesday, March 7, at 10:30 a. m. Comprising in part: One fine Decker upright piano, one Steinway square, fine old parlor places, six oak bedroom suits, top mattresses, draperies, oak chiffoniers, bedding, iron beds, three fine Brussels carpets, lace curtains, ranges, gas stoves, plants, etc., etc. All must and will be sold.
J. A. MUNRO & CO., Auctioneers.
1407 Clay street, Oakland; phone Brown 141.

SHERIFF AUCTION.
On Wednesday, March 8, 11 a. m., at corner of Shattuck avenue and University avenue, Berkeley, the entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, etc., of store formerly conducted by Zimmer & Russell, comprising in part: grand concert piano, organ, solid oak walnut and maple bedroom suits, chiffoniers, folding beds, handsome iron and brass bedsteads, parlor upholstery, finest of hair beds, couches, three sewing machines, elegant ranges, imported rugs, Moquet and heavy Brussels carpets, dining room furniture, bar racks, dressing tables, mirrors, old rockers and chairs, etc., etc.
The above stock is all first-class, consisting of both new and second-hand, and will be sold regardless of cost or value, for or against.
"Bale absolute, terms cash."
METZEL & METZEL, Auctioneers.

ANDREW CARNEGIE FACE TO FACE WITH CASSIE CHADWICK

WOMAN IS PLACED ON TRIAL

CLEVELAND, March 6.—The trial of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick for alleged violation of the National banking laws, was commenced in the United States District Court before Judge Tayler today. The court room in which the trial will be conducted is of the smallest, there not being seating room for over 100 people outside of those immediately connected with the trial.

Mrs. Chadwick came into court in the custody of two bailiffs. She was calm and self-possessed, showing not the slightest trace of excitement. She took a seat at a table in the center of the court room immediately behind her leading counsel, J. P. Dawley. Prosecuting Attorney Sullivan briefly addressed the jury, saying that the

PRETTY GIRL MISSING Where is Mabel Homer? WAS SHE KIDNAPPED?

Parents Do Not Fear Elopement—Mystery Surrounds Disappearance.



MISS MABEL HOMER.

Mystery shrouds the disappearance of Miss Mabel Homer, daughter of Frank T. Homer, a theatrical manager, employed at the Empire Theater, from the family home at 757 Webster street.

Last Saturday afternoon Miss Homer, who is eighteen, endowed with beauty and talents, left home, telling her mother she was going for a walk. Since then she has been missing and the concerted efforts of parents, friends and police have failed to locate her.

Miss Homer is said to be remarkably studious, an accomplished musician, and much fonder of the society of her books and music than of men.

Her father scoffs at the idea of an affair of the heart being at the bottom of her disappearance and fears she

may have been murdered, kidnapped or abducted.

No cause can be assigned, however, and the mystery is apparently insoluble.

Mr. Homer, mother of the missing girl, when seen this morning said: "We have discovered no trace of my daughter's whereabouts and have no idea what has become of her. We, that is, my husband and myself, as well as our friends, have made every effort to locate Mabel, but without avail. She has simply vanished and we do not know where to look for her."

**OFFERS EVERYTHING
AND NOTHING**

**E. C. HAMANN WILL NOT TRY
FOR BAY CITIES' BIRDS IN
THE BUSH.**

Editor TRIBUNE—"The people vs. the Contra Costa Water Company"—that is a cry that can be heard from all sides. Are we getting browned out and imposed upon by the C. C. Co.? In a way we are. Our water rates are high—higher, perhaps, than they should be—but what does this new company, the Bay Cities Company, offer us? Everything and nothing. To use an old adage, "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

E. C. HAMANN.
308, Fourteenth street.

**ASSESSMENT WORK
IS BEGUN TODAY**

Today being the first Monday in March, Assessor Henry P. Dalton had his deputies in the field bright and early for the purpose of beginning the work of assessment. Persons are assessable for the property in March and the work of the year is begun today in the Assessor's office.

Not all of the deputies were appointed this morning. Assessor Dalton being absent at Sacramento, but the following were given their commissions and are now on their way to the various ranges, through the country and will list the rolling stock of the companies. A moving train is taken by them all and the duplications afterwards checked off.

The appointments are: Harry Nolan, H. W. Van De Mark, F. M. Shay, Martin McDonald, N. C. Sturtevant, W. J. McDonald, F. E. Murphy, D. D. McLaren, John W. McCoy, T. D. Wilber, George H. Westlake, William P. Rigney, A. J. Eklund, P. J. Nichols. They are four months men, the work to be finished by the first Monday in July.

UNION LABOR MEETING.
There will be a rally and meeting of the Union Labor party at Kilbuck Hall, Golden Gate, this evening when G. A. Randolph, candidate for Mayor, J. E. McElroy, candidate for City Attorney, C. C. Swafford, candidate for City Engineer, E. L. Bair, candidate for City Auditor, Murray Laidlaw, candidate for City Treasurer, Z. L. Hatch, Councilman, and other prominent speakers will be present and address the meeting on the issues of the campaign.

Dr. Mulliner will be speaker of the evening.

**My Offer to
Kidney Sufferers.**

I will give you a full dollar's worth of my remedy free to try without cost or deposit or promise to pay.

I would not make this offer—a full dollar's worth free—if mine were an ordinary kidney remedy. It is not. It treats not the kidneys themselves, but the nerves that control them. The cause of kidney trouble lies ALWAYS in these nerves. The only way to cure kidney trouble is by strengthening and vitalizing and restoring these kidney nerves. That is exactly what my remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—does. Therefore I can make this offer with the certain knowledge that every kidney sufferer who makes this trial will be helped.

When I say "nerves" I do not mean the ordinary nerves of feeling, thought, action. I mean the automatic nerves, which plant and day, unguided and unseen, control and actuate and operate every vital process of life. These are the master nerves. The kidneys are their slaves. Your mind cannot control them. Your will cannot sway them. Yet when they are strong, you are well; when they are not, you weaken and die.

I have written a book on the Kidneys which will be sent when you write. This book explains fully and clearly how these tiny, tender "inside" nerves control not only the kidneys but each of the other vital organs.

I have made my offer that strangers to my remedy may know. It is not intended for or open to those who have used my remedy. There need no further evidence. But to those who have not heard or hearing may have delayed or doubted, I say "simply write and ask." I will send you an order for which your druggist will hand you a full dollar bottle—and he will send the bill to me. There are no conditions—no requirements—simply write me today:

For a free or Book 1 on Dyspepsia, Book 2 on the Heart, Book 3 on the Kidneys, Book 4 on the Lungs, Book 5 for Men, Book 6 for Women, Book 7 on Rheumatism, Book 8 on the Stomach, Book 9 on the Liver, Book 10 on the Gallbladder, Book 11 on the Pancreas, Book 12 on the Spleen, Book 13 on the Intestines, Book 14 on the Urinary System, Book 15 on the Reproductive System, Book 16 on the Nervous System, Book 17 on the Skin, Book 18 on the Bones, Book 19 on the Muscles, Book 20 on the Blood, Book 21 on the Circulatory System, Book 22 on the Respiratory System, Book 23 on the Digestive System, Book 24 on the Excretory System, Book 25 on the Endocrine System, Book 26 on the Immune System, Book 27 on the Reproductive System, Book 28 on the Nervous System, Book 29 on the Skin, Book 30 on the Bones, Book 31 on the Muscles, Book 32 on the Blood, Book 33 on the Circulatory System, Book 34 on the Respiratory System, Book 35 on the Digestive System, Book 36 on the Excretory System, Book 37 on the 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New Spring Dresses for Children
(Second Floor.)
The line made of new Zephyr
Ginghams in dainty stripes,
gathered full on a square
yoke, and with tiny revers
over the shoulders. They are
finished at the wrist with a
narrow ruffle and braid. They
come in pink and blue stripes,
and for children. **48c**

A Great Special Sale of Curtains and New Domestic (Main and 2d floors.)

ODD BATHS—This is a sample line showing only one pair of a kind. There are a few curtains that have very slight imperfections, but not enough to decrease their value in any way. All were manufactured to sell from \$1.50 to \$5.00 a pair. We will give you your choice of this limited lot from **50c to \$1.50**

SCARFS AND SHAMS—Embroidered scarfs and shams; hemstitched in work and scalloped. There are 20 different pretty styles; worth 50c each. **25c**

SHEETS—81x90 inches; made of one piece sheeting. Special sale price **50c**

TABLE DAMASK—Heavy German pure snow white table damask in about 10 or 12 beautiful designs; guaranteed to wear and give perfect satisfaction. A yard **45c**

A dozen large Dinner Napkins to match **\$1.45**

INITIAL BATH TOWELS—Heavy thread Bath Towels, with a pretty initial woven in the goods. A great value at **15c**

Dainty China ware and Kitchen Utensils

Tea Pots—Prettily decorated, brown with raised pink and white flowers; holds 2 quarts; reduced from **60c to 35c**

Jardens—Several different patterns; measure 9½ inches across the top. Reduced from **30c to 20c**

Stew Pans—Made in figures; have bright metal covers; hold 1 quart; regularly 50c. Special sale **35c** price

Rice Boilers—Made of Royal Steel. Reduced 2-quart size **\$1.00 to 79c**

Whisk Brooms—Exceptional value at 30c. Special **15c**

Japanese (Third Floor.)
Cups and Saucers—Very prettily decorated, blue and white; ordinarily at 15c. Special **10c** at

Ash Cans—Made of galvanized tin; 15x12 inches. Special at **\$1.39**

Tin and Coffee Makers—Made of aluminum; they do away with the coffee and egg process. Special prices **35c, 50c and 75c**

Two New Styles in Women's Tailor Suits

(Second Floor.)

These are really the first suits sent from the East by our buyer.

One suit is in a military style the other a blouse effect. The material used is an exceptionally good mohair. It is trimmed with braid, and the skirt is pleated.

Only the best workmanship. We give you a good selection of black, blue and brown colors. Special sale

\$16.50

Bourette

(Main Floor.)

Is a good strong material that looks like wool; comes in all colors, snowflake effects; shepherdess checks, etc.. A splendid value at a yard . . .

10c

Stationery

(Main Floor.)

Drummer's Samples of Box Papers — Including all the very latest styles and sizes, ranging in price from 26c to 75c ea, your choice at . . . **16c**

Envelopes—2 pack- . . . **5c**

Women's Hand Bags

(Main Floor.)

New Wallet Shape Hand Bag — Made of walrus leather, Moire lined; double compartment; 2 inside purses and a smelling salts bottle; worth \$2.25. Special . . . **\$1.48**

Women's Hosiery and Union Suits

(Main Floor.)

Hosiery — Gauze Hosiery fast black with double sulced heel and toe; they are extra long; there is also a line of pretty patterns of ankle length hosiery, all sizes. Worth 60c

3 pairs for \$1.00 or pair 33c

FAVOR BIG "C"

Freshmen of University Approve Substitute for Famous "Rush."

BERKELEY, March 6.—At a recent meeting of the men of the Freshman class the Charter day committee reported in favor of placing a cement "C" on Charter hill by the combined upper classes and the report was adopted. W. H. Dehnri spoke to the men present, strongly urging the adoption of this report. He said that the practice of rushing was practically dead, and asked that the men of the present classes should effectually bury a custom.

It is planned to hold a sort of labor day on the morning of Saturday, March 11, if the consent of President Wheeler can be obtained. The cement, weighing about six tons, will be carried up a hill by a delegation of 150 men from each of the lower classes, if the freshmen adopt the report of the Charter committee. Lunch will be served to the women of both classes. The cost of the "C" is estimated at about \$50.

After the adoption of the report a resolution was passed to the effect that the freshmen class would allow a rush on Charter day. The request went to President Wheeler, to allow a holiday for the two classes on the morning of March 18, has been given the unqualified approval of Professor Dehnri and the students' affairs committee. The faculty desires to abolish a custom of rushing, at any cost.

The committee for the Freshman Charter day, which has been given the unqualified approval of Professor Dehnri and the students' affairs committee, will be about \$50.

The women of the class will meet Monday to consider arrangements for Charter day. The adoption of the class pin has been postponed to the next meeting, when the entire class will be present.

★

A Bad Score.

Some day you will get a bad score when you feel a pain in your bowels and stomach. Get a box of Dr. Williams' New Life Pills, a sure cure for all bowels and stomach diseases, such as biliousness, constipation, etc., guaranteed at drug stores, Rev. 10th and Broadway and Twelfth and Washington; only 25c. Try them.

Renovates the system and rejuvenates the whole being. Lash's Bitters.

High Chairs at Low Prices.

H. Schellhaas' Corner Store, 11th st. sec.

M. Schellhaas' Furniture Store, at the Black Horse, 10th and 11th. Odd Fellows Building, Oakland.

MANY ARE OPPOSED TO \$6,000,000 BOND ISSUE

HEAVY LOAD IF BONDS CARRY

HARRY NEWTON DOES NOT LIKE PLANS OF BAY CITIES COMPANY.

Editor TRIBUNE—My objections to the proposed bonding of the city for the purchase of the Bay Cities Water scheme are based primarily on the fact that taxes will be raised and that the plan outlined is not founded on business principles. I have always stood for bonds, but in this case it means that the city will go backward instead of ahead. There is no use trying to run two water plants in the same city. It always has proved a failure and always will. In addition to the expense of law suits if Oakland runs its water works on a basis of cheap water rates to meet competition, the taxpayers will have a merry time shouldering the load.

HARRY NEWTON,
Hanover avenue, corner of Lester street.

DOES NOT WANT ANY COMPETITION

CHARLES HEARN SEES OBJEC- TIONS TO THE BAY CITIES PLANT.

Editor TRIBUNE—I am opposed to bonding the city for \$6,000,000 to purchase a plant which has only a mythical existence. It is not a question of money or bonds in my mind, but it is a question of the ability of the Bay Cities Company to deliver water here according to the contract. Even then the plan would in my mind have the objection that the city would have to compete with a private plant. Competition, while it might cheapen the price of water, it certainly would increase the amount of taxes and in the long run the bad advertising of high taxes would more than outweigh cheap water rates.

If I had anything to do with settling the water question I would strongly recommend the purchase of the existing plant. If the city wished then to branch out, it could with nothing to fear in the way of competition.

CHAS. HEARN,
1066 Seventh avenue.

WOULD INCREASE FINANCIAL BURDENS

P. H. SEXTON SAYS BAY CITIES' SCHEME WOULD INCREASE OUR TAXES.

Editor TRIBUNE—The Bay Cities bond scheme ought to be voted down, as I believe it will be next Saturday. The offer as presented by the attorneys of this company is not such as to benefit Oakland, or give relief from the high rates paid for water. Rather it will, if carried, increase our financial burdens and put Oakland on the down grade if anything can do so.

While I have no special love for the Contra Costa Water Company, yet I say, as a business proposition, that the easiest, most feasible and sane way of getting municipal ownership of a water plant is to condemn and buy the plant now in actual existence.

To go into this Bay Cities scheme and wait for years for a water supply, meanwhile paying water rates to the old company, interest and other expenses, would put us in a very unfortunate position.

P. H. SEXTON,
1801 Union street.

STRATEGIC MISTAKE HAS BEEN MADE

B. F. ARMSTRONG SAYS QUES- TION OF TITLE HAS NOT EVEN BEEN SUBMITTED.

Editor TRIBUNE—It is now evident that a fundamental, as well as strategic blunder, has been made in the present water campaign.

Instead of trying to advance the good of the city, the object appears to be to injure the Contra Costa Water Company as much as possible. The fight is not so much to secure municipal water supply, as it is a crusade against the Contra Costa Company. However much one may disapprove of the methods of that corporation, it must be clear to any thinking patriotic citizen that this is a fundamental mistake, involving a total misconception of the principle at stake.

The strategic mistake, was in not having a provisional contract, including complete plans and specifications, of the proposed works, drawn up in

advance of the bond submission, and signed by the Mayor, City Attorney and members of the Council on behalf of the city, and the officers of the Bay Cities, and placed on file in the office of the Board of Works, and the City Clerk, for public inspection. Printed copies of the contract and specifications, properly authenticated, should have been sent to every voter in the city together with such other financial data as the Mayor had to submit to the public.

That this was not done, has served to develop the proposed bond issue in mystery and suspicion, which are not dissipated by the profuse promises of Mr. Tevis, and the published statements of the attorneys and engineers in his employ.

The truth is, there is no contract and no definite plans, let alone specifications, and the commission must have relied very much on the verbal statements and data supplied him by the Bay Cities Company. Even the question of title has not been submitted to the attorneys for the city.

The question of increased taxes is either evaded or dismissed by friends of the bonds, with cursory statements which smack of uncertainty.

No one, except Mayor Olney, attempts to explain how the plant is to be made self-supporting, and he does it by proposing that the city shall forbid the Contra Costa from opening the streets to repair and extend its pipes. The same prohibitions would prevent the Contra Costa from even taking up its pipes. I do not believe Mayor Olney thinks the courts would sustain such an arbitrary exercise of power, palpably exerted to destroy the value of a property created in accordance with the law of the State. Of the morality of the proposition there can be no question.

We have seen how the courts dismissed the contention that the Council could fix rates at will, on the basis of an arbitrary valuation; a contention which clearly involved the right to confiscate the use of property, if not the property itself. The Contra Costa has laid its pipes by virtue of a special constitutional provision. Some people may think a constitutional privilege may be abrogated, or abridged by municipal ordinance, but I do not think the courts would so decide.

If we are to have municipal ownership of water supply, the campaign for it must be conducted under different auspices, and with other objects in view, than a punitive expedition against the corporation at present supplying the city, whatever its shortcomings. No water proposition should be chosen unless it is submitted on a business basis, and in a businesslike way. The one before us is neither businesslike in its presentation, nor on a business basis.

The taxpayers should vote it down on general principles.

B. F. ARMSTRONG,
1862 Valdez.

DOES NOT APPROVE BUYING LITIGATION

WILLIAM RAFFETTO WILL NOT VOTE TO ISSUE BAY CITIES' WATER BONDS.

Editor TRIBUNE—As a native born son of Oakland, I am proud of my home city, and want to see her progress. Just now we are being importuned to vote water bonds. I have looked into the proposition presented by the City Council in behalf of purchase of the Bay Cities water plant—a plant which is as yet only on blue print paper.

I cannot support such a proposition, as I think it a bad one from a business standpoint. The company is said to guarantee to deliver a certain quantity of water by wooden pipe line. But the city would be compelled to build and forever maintain a pumping plant at great cost.

The Bay Cities Company also guarantees its titles to water and some lands it would sell us. But Spring Valley Company has served notice that it will fight in the courts such proposition.

We don't want to vote bonds which will mean buying a lawsuit. Therefore I am against the bonds and shall so vote as will many friends that think as I do on this question.

WILLIAM RAFFETTO,
915 Broadway.

THEORETICAL AND NEXT TO CHIMERICAL

DON F. MILLER ADVANCES REAS- ONS TO SHOW THAT BAY CIT- IES' OFFER IS NOT SOUND.

Editor TRIBUNE—If I could believe that two-thirds of the citizens of Oak-

would decide to issue bonds to purchase the theoretical water supply offered by the Bay Cities Company, I should be alarmed for the future of this city. But I cannot bring myself to believe that the sober-minded judgment of our fellow citizens will be so warped by past prejudices, or the feelings of old shies against the Contra Costa Water Company as to give support to the Bay Cities water bonds scheme.

It is, in my opinion, out of the question to issue bonds as proposed. Municipal ownership of a water plant most all of us desire. But not the kind of a scheme we are now asked to approve. This Bay Cities proposition almost borders upon the chimerical. In nowise is the city safeguarded, notwithstanding the promises of alleged protection put forth by attorneys and other representatives of the Bay Cities Company.

Nowhere in the world is it regarded as good business policy to indulge in municipal ownership of public utilities without first removing private competition. The most ardent advocates of the Bay Cities proposition will know this, though they omit to mention it in their diatribes. It has uniformly been the result, where municipal ownership of water has been attempted, without first eliminating private competition, that much trouble and great loss occurred to the city.

Our city administration has not seen fit to include in its proposal to purchase a water plant the one in actual existence. Therefore were we to acquire a supply of water from another source, we would at once and for years be up against fiercest competition.

Can any sane person imagine that the city plant would begin to pay expenses under such competition? Assuredly not.

Another vital objection to this Bay Cities scheme is that it proposes to saddle upon all the taxpayers the cost of plant and its maintenance, whether all taxpayers are to be benefited or not. What should be done in obtaining municipal ownership is to base the bonds issued upon the plant the bonds are designed to create, leasing free the public credit. Then the actual users of the plant would pay for it and its maintenance.

However, I notice that fanatical advocates of Bay Cities water bonds would make persons pay for a thing they have no use for. Also that there is such an abiding hatred of the existing water company in their minds as warp the judgment of these bond advocates and lead them to make assertions entirely unsupported by facts.

From all that I can learn the Bay Cities Water Company has no water to sell. It may be able to cause a dam, and a reservoir, and a wooden pipe line to be constructed. But that does not signify that we would ever see any water delivered.

At present the Bay Cities Company has no water plant in existence. Its alleged titles to flood waters of two streams in Mt. Hamilton region have been challenged. Long litigation, including injunction suits, is promised. Meanwhile Oakland, if it had voted bonds for such a plant, would be bound hand and foot. The results would be that taxes would increase, capital deferred from entering here, business stagnation and general discomfort.

Out here in Golden Gate district my neighbors, like myself, are opposed to this Bay Cities water bond scheme. We shall vote against it. We are not enamored of the Contra Costa Water Company, but if Oakland is to embark on municipal ownership of water its first duty is to acquire the Contra Costa's plant. Only fanatical enemies of that corporation and its managers will argue otherwise.

DON F. MILLER,
5881 Marshall street, Golden Gate.

BAY CITIES SCHEME WON'T HOLD WATER

GEORGE V. METZGER SAYS HE WILL VOTE AGAINST THE BOND ISSUE.

Editor TRIBUNE—You can say for me that the Bay Cities water bond proposition is unmistakably bad. It won't hold water. If the company has water to sell, which I doubt, its offer otherwise is a one-sided arrangement, not for the best interests of Oakland.

Having spent many years in this city, and kept pretty good track of this water supply subject, I feel that when our citizens start in earnest to acquire municipal ownership they should first of all buy out the Contra Costa Company or get rid of it in some way. Suppose the city did have to pay a little high for the old concern, would not the revenues from its services soon repay the outlay? Of course it would.

The very hour that the Contra Costa plant passed into municipal ownership would see a stream of dollars dropping into the city's treasury. More of them than enough to pay cost of keep-

ing the plant going. On the other hand if we should be so unwise as to vote to issue bonds, as proposed to bolster up a company which only has a water plant in prospective, we would for years be paying out money and getting only lawsuits in return.

It is a foolish scheme for us to go into. I shall vote against the bonds.

GEORGE V. METZGER,
1110 Twelfth street.

BAY CITIES NOT WISE PROPOSITION

D. STUART GIVES REASONS WHY HE WILL NOT VOTE FOR BONDS.

Editor TRIBUNE—I am opposed to the Bay Cities Company bonds, and shall not vote to issue them. It is not a wise proposition. Should bonds be voted as proposed, this city would be a long time without municipal ownership of water and at the same time we would be in the power of the Contra Costa Water Company as much as ever before.

Oakland should have bought the Contra Costa plant years ago. The thing to do now is for the city to take proper legal steps to acquire the Contra Costa Company's plant by condemnation if not at an agreed price. It is possible that some legislative enactment may be required to authorize Oakland to buy a water plant which has distributive system in two other municipalities.

I would prefer to see the existing company first acquired. Then, as the city grew and required more water, it could reach out and add to the supply from other sources. We should give the Contra Costa Company a fair, satisfactory, equitable price for its property. It is for the best interests of Oakland to do so. While arranging to take the Contra Costa's plant and convert it to municipal ownership, water rates could be collected on the basis of the valuation to be finally approved.

The Bay Cities scheme is uncertain. Insofar as the general public is informed, questions of title are involved, necessitating long litigation. Surely we don't want to tie up Oakland to any such scheme.

"Much better would it be to lease the existing plant for a long term of years with the privilege of purchase at an agreed price, though that price might be considered stiff."

I do not think that the city has exhausted all ways of making a satisfactory arrangement with the Contra Costa Company. This should be done before the city enters into any contract with another company, leaving a competitor in the field.

In my opinion the present city administration, including the Council, has not kept its anti-election pledges on municipal ownership of water question. Instead, it has attempted to do that which would obstruct municipal ownership by asking the citizens to vote bonds for a lot of things. The voters promptly turned them down.

Now we are asked to approve an indefinite bond proposition. It involves the expenditure of much money, occasioning an increase of taxes.

I am against it. I will not vote to issue the Bay Cities bonds.

D. STUART.

BONDS DO NOT APPEAL TO HIM

RUFUS SMITH SAYS BAY CITIES' SCHEME WOULD FRIGHTEN CAPITAL AWAY.

Editor TRIBUNE—I am strongly opposed to the Bay Cities water bonds being issued. It does not appeal to me to be required to pay taxes on vacant property for such an uncertain scheme.

To issue the bonds as proposed would raise taxes not a little and drive people away, besides preventing new capital coming here. The size of the tax rate is the first thing an investor of money looks at when entering a new field. If he sees a high rate he will move on to a more promising location.

RUFUS SMITH,
886 Broadway.

ASSURANCES THAT DO NOT ASSURE

W. H. WYLER FEELS SKEPTICAL ABOUT OFFER OF BAY CITIES WATER COMPANY.

Editor TRIBUNE—I have listened to much discussion of the water bonds proposition and read arguments on both sides. The more I hear and read

the harder I am against the scheme of the Bay Cities Company. Many others I know are in a like frame of mind. We have promises of a contract to satisfy some officials yet to be elected. But what assurances have we that the Bay Cities Water Company will not put in any old kind of a water pipe and system?

I am against issuing bonds and my opposition is strong.

W. H. WYLER,
506 Fifteenth street.

HAS HEARD NO VALID REASONS

GEO. E. LAWRENCE TELLS WHY HE WILL VOTE AGAINST BOND ISSUE.

Editor TRIBUNE—After talking over the bond question with many of my neighbors, I have not heard a valid reason why I should vote for the Bay Cities Company water project.

I shall vote against the proposed bond issue.

GEO. E. LAWRENCE,
3665 Piedmont avenue.

MYTHICAL AND HAZY ATMOSPHERE

DR. KLEEMAN EXPLAINS WHY HE IS OPPOSED TO BAY CITIES' SCHEME.

Editor TRIBUNE—After considerable study of the Bay Cities water bond subject I cannot see how I can intelligently vote for an issue of bonds under the offer made.

The proposition of the Bay Cities has too mythical and hazy an atmosphere to appeal to me. Instead of being beneficial, I think it would be detrimental to the city. Until somebody can demonstrate to my satisfaction otherwise, I shall work against bonds and vote against them.

DR. F. C. KLEEMAN,
Bacon Building.

CITY NOT READY TO OWN PLANT

C. S. ROSS GIVES REASONS FOR BEING OPPOSED TO BONDS.

Editor TRIBUNE—Under no circumstances would I vote for bonds to acquire a water supply that does not exist. I do not think the Bay Cities Water Company can keep faith with the City of Oakland, because there is not sufficient water on the Mount Hamilton shed to supply the city.

There is only one way for the city to acquire a plant and that is to purchase the existing one. That would also be impractical. In my opinion the people are not yet ready for a municipal plant.

C. S. ROSS,
The Atlantic, Franklin street.

IS UNALTERABLY OPPOSED TO BONDS

BUSINESS MANAGER BOWEN OF BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL GIVES VIEWS.

Editor TRIBUNE—I am unalterably opposed to the Bay Cities proposition and shall vote against it at the polls. I think it would be a grave mistake for the people to increase their bonded indebtedness until a feasible plan is submitted.

J. B. BOWEN,
Business Manager Building and Trades Council, 468 Eleventh street.

WILL NOT VOTE FOR BAY CITIES

D. J. DENAHY SAYS THE PROPOS- ED BONDS SHOULD NOT CARRY.

Editor TRIBUNE—Like many other property holders, I shall vote against the bonds because I do not believe the Bay Cities Water Company has anything to sell. Should the bonds carry, there would begin a fight in the courts that would be unprecedented in the history of the city. That is something to think about, for Oakland is certainly a city of litigation.

While the fight waged in the courts and while the people were waiting for water, the taxpayers would be paying an increase of taxes that would be appalling. Business interests would be crippled, building operations would

cease and capital would be driven from the city. Hundreds of men would be thrown out of work and Oakland would experience a season of hard times from which it would not recover for years. For these reasons I am opposed to the bonds.

D. J. DENAHY,
820 Adeline street.

WILL NOT BUY A PIG IN A POKE

BARTLETT FRANKLIN GIVE HIS VIEWS ON BAY CITIES' PROPOSITION.

Editor TRIBUNE—The proposed bond issue which the City Council has seen fit to submit to the people, is, in my opinion, so ridiculous that it should not be seriously considered. It is like the old case of buying a pig in a poke. The Bay Cities Company has absolutely nothing to offer, for it can never get an adequate water supply from the Mount Hamilton shed. Let them go a couple of hundred miles back into the mountains, bring the water to the city limits and then offer to sell it. Then, and only then, will I vote for bonds.

BARTLETT FRANKLIN,
539 San Pablo avenue.

IS NOT SATISFIED WITH PROMISES

PAUL J. MERRILL SAYS BAY CIT- IES' SCHEME IS TOO UN- CERTAIN.

Editor TRIBUNE—Before I buy anything I want a good look at it. How can anyone take a good look at the Bay Cities Water Company's big undertaking? They have a lot of figures, a lot of promises.

The figures show up well, along with a large life-sized blue print. The Bay Cities Company is a good gun, but it lacks ammunition.

PAUL J. MERRILL,
Grocer, 2148 Market street.

HE WILL VOTE WITH MAJORITY

GEO. JOOZEN TELLS WHY HE IN- TENDS TO VOTE AGAINST BAY CITIES' BONDS.

Editor TRIBUNE—A man in my position who listened and tried to figure out the pros and cons of all questions about the bonds, would go crazy. I am against the bonds. I have not time to study the issue, but I move with the majority.

GEORGE JOOZEN,
1213 Broadway.

CARPENTER WANTS BONDS VOTED

JAMES M. TAYLOR THINKS THE BOND ISSUE ALL RIGHT.

Editor TRIBUNE—Please allow me a few lines upon the question of the municipal water supply. I regard the statements of Mayor Olney upon this question, backed up by Mr. Tevis, as being the most clear, concise, fair and honorable presentation of this question yet offered for the people's consideration, and in accord with the generally expressed wish of the people during the late fight for bonding the city for parks, boulevards and other improvements. I am not at all surprised to find our Board of Trade, Realty Syndicates and every corporation owner of some public utility combined with the Contra Costa Water Company to defeat this water proposition, not because of the bonding of the city, as they pretend to have us believe, neither because of their pretended fear of ruining Oakland by reason of such great increase of taxes. All this great hue and cry of theirs is bosh, rot, of the silliest character, designed only to defeat municipal ownership. This is the real nigger in this woodpile—municipal ownership. What was the attitude of this entire gang of exploiters during the last bond election? Every mother's son of them was first as ultra and earnestly in favor of the class of bonds, as they now are opposed to these water bonds. Why? Because with the other there was every opportunity for them to get in their grafting and stealing, and wherever municipal ownership of water or any other public utility has been put into operation, grafting and exploiting has been knocked out and half to three-fourths of the cost under corporate ownership saved to the people.

Note the effect in Los Angeles, Santa Rosa, Vallejo and any other place where municipal ownership prevails.

JAMES M. TAYLOR,
Carpenter, 446 Fifty-ninth street, Oakland, Cal.

STRONGLY OPPOSED TO THE BONDS

WELLES WHITMORE IS UNCOM- PROMISINGLY AGAINST BONDS.

Editor TRIBUNE—As a citizen, a taxpayer and a well-wisher of Oakland, I am uncompromisingly opposed to the Bay Cities water scheme.

WELLES WHITMORE,
Attorney-at-law, 1215 Jefferson street, Oakland.

FEARS COMPETITION AND LITIGATION

Editor TRIBUNE—I have put as much time as possible in trying to study whether I should, or (I might say now) whether I could vote for the bonds. I have decided that I cannot and will not do so.

The Bay Cities proposition is too vague and too uncertain. Municipal ownership is a desirable thing. But it is a very hard and a very tricky thing to handle, unless conditions are extremely favorable. Why not purchase the Contra Costa Company's plant and do away with two deadly diseases—competition and litigation? The Bay Cities Company would certainly be fought to the bitter end and from the start our city would be taxed and the people battered here and there for years. Then after we were weak and sick of it all, litigation would set in, for the Contra Costa Company would fight every inch. Remember, the Bay Cities contract only brings the water to the city's gates. There would be a clash and the fight would be as bitter as another civil war.

CHAS. GALLAGHER,
1148 Myrtle street.

Alameda with her electric lights saving over half to the taxpayers. These hoodlums and exploiters would, if it were possible, turn heaven itself upside down to defeat any measure giving its profits to the public instead of to these knockers and exploiters. The very fact that these exploiters are so persistent and determined to defeat this measure is sufficient of itself to justify every laboring man doing his utmost to make it a success by voting for the bonds. All their pretended solicitude for us mechanics and poor laboring people is the silliest bosh, designed only to deceive and prevent the bonds from carrying. If they carry, I would favor purchasing the Contra Costa Company's plant, provided they would sell it quick and at a reasonable price, valuation not exceeding say four millions, as shown by Mayor Olney and Desmond Fitzgerald and others. If Mr. Fitzgerald is good authority for these exploiters to persistently quote, even falsely so, too, because the three objections to the Bay Cities proposition as now eliminated, leaves Mr. Fitzgerald favorable to the Bay Cities proposition, therefore he should be equally good authority for us who favor municipally owned water, and he shows the true valuation of the Contra Costa Company's plant to be worth less than three millions. I don't believe in giving them a bonus at all. They have bled us enough already, but I would treat them fair, and give them a good fair price, provided they will take it and do it quick. Otherwise I would close at once with the Bay Cities, and instead of running our municipal plant as these exploiters so persistently insist we must, I say give the city free water. Collect the revenues from the reality of the city, then let the Contra Costa compete all she likes. One-third of what they now export from us for water will pay all the increased tax under this plan, pay for the water we use, provide ample revenue to meet and pay off the bonds, thus giving us a plant of our own and dump-one gang of incorporated exploiters off the shoulders of us mechanics and poor laboring classes, and save for our wives and babies two-thirds of what we are now compelled to pay for water, besides the monthly calls for their insolent water bill collectors.

Therefore I shall vote for the bonds. During the last bond election we heard a great deal about civic pride, a big word with them to influence the voters to vote those bonds. Now it is anything to defeat them; fellow laborers, let us show our civic pride at the polls this time by voting these bonds, then insist upon the reality of the city having the bill to pay and thus give Oakland a boon that will cause a greater boom than all the graft schemes these knockers and exploiters ever offered or ever will.

No one will patronize the Contra Costa or any other competitor when his civic pride goes out in taxpaying for his water to the city. Hence, I say, vote for the bonds.

JAMES M. TAYLOR,
Carpenter, 446 Fifty-ninth street, Oakland, Cal.

KILLED IN COLLISION

Seven Dead and Many Injured in Train Accident.

(From Saturday's Last Edition)
PITTSBURGH, March 4.—The most searching investigation it is now practically certain that the list of dead caused by the collision last night between the two special trains from Cleveland, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Clifton station, will not exceed seven. Some of the soldiers say that their comrades are still under the wreckage, but all seem to have been accounted for.

The following is a revised list of the dead:

Lieutenant Donaldson C. Schofield of Company "C" Cleveland architect.

Private H. R. Field, Company "C" Cleveland.

Private Richard E. Langer, Company "C" Cleveland.

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OFFICERS ON VESSEL

Going to Honolulu to Investigate the Stanford Case.

(From Saturday's Last Edition)
HONOLULU, March 4.—The sailing for Honolulu on the Oceanic Steamship Company's vessel Alameda today of Captain Jules Callandran, representing a private detective agency at San Francisco, and Harry C. Reynolds of the San Francisco police department, is regarded here as evidence that the authorities of the latter city as well as the representatives of the Stanford estate believe that Mrs. Stanford was poisoned, which is against the theory held by some persons that death was due to natural causes.

It is possible that this conclusion is based on cablegrams sent by High Sheriff Henry to the San Francisco police authorities, containing information which has not been given out here.

The High Sheriff admits, however, that the departure of the detectives from San Francisco indicates that in their belief a crime has been committed and that a thorough investigation will be held, but beyond this he declines to give any information.

High Sheriff Henry says that the report of the chemists will not be made before tonight. It is now considered possible that the inquest, which it had been arranged should immediately follow the report of the chemists, will be postponed until the arrival of the Alameda.

The police authorities here are maintaining an extraordinary secrecy regarding everything concerning the case.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, March 4.—Druggist W. E. Jackson made his statement in regard to selling Mrs. Stanford bicarbonate of soda there have been no developments in Palo Alto or at the University.

It is reported that those familiar with the Stanford stock farm that strychnine was formerly kept there in large quantities for killing squirrels which overran the estate.

This strychnine would have been open to any one employed at the stock farm or any one who might see it there. But as far as can be found out now there has been no strychnine kept on the farm for several months.

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PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS

Declares That the United States Should be Friendly With all Nations.

(From Saturday's Last Edition)
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OAKLAND TRIBUNE

Tribune Publishing Company.

William E. Dargie, President.

Significance of the Inauguration.

The inauguration at Washington last Saturday is to be distinguished from all preceding inaugurations, apart from the glittering pageantry which attended it, in several notable respects. It broke precedent at several points, and is likely to be a mark of historical significance in our National annals.

Theodore Roosevelt is the first Vice-President who succeeded to the Executive chair by reason of the death of his predecessor to be elected. Two of our Presidents have died in office and three have been assassinated, but none of the men who served out their unexpired terms was ever elected or even nominated by his party till Mr. Roosevelt broke through what has been accounted a fatal bar to popular favor. He was not only renominated, but he was renominated by acclamation. Moreover, he virtually drew the platform and programmed the convention. The convention even nominated his choice for Vice-President, a choice that had been authoritatively announced several weeks before the convention met.

Mr. Roosevelt received the largest popular vote ever cast for a President; he received more Electoral votes than were given any previous occupant of the White House; he carried more States, and received the largest majority in the history of the Republic. His hold on the confidence and the imagination of the people was shown by the fact that he ran ahead of the most popular Republican candidates for Congress and Governor in their respective districts and States.

The ceremonies incident to the inauguration were the most imposing ever witnessed in the National capital and drew together the largest concourse ever assembled there. The military parade exceeded in splendor any similar parade. For the first time in the history of the country there were bodies of native troops from distant island possessions—swarthy Porto Ricans and brown-skinned Filipinos. The military and naval branches of our great war college sent battalions of students to march in the President's honor. A great fleet, decorated with flags and bunting, lay off the mouth of the Potomac and thundered salute when Theodore Roosevelt was again sworn in as President.

The Governors of nearly all the States were present. It was indeed a splendid occasion, but its real splendor was more in what the scene typified than the surface magnificence which caught the eye and kindled the interest as do all pictorial displays. The Nation was honoring the President just elected with such signal marks of public favor, and was at the same time giving evidence of its vast potentiality in wealth and power. The greatness of the office of Chief Magistrate was illustrated by the symbols of strength, exhibited not to hold anybody in check or to signify that anybody in this broad land was over-awed, but as a voluntary manifestation of the power of the people.

The occasion was no triumph for a conqueror, but an evidence of the loyalty of the people to the fundamentals of free government and liberal institutions. President Roosevelt is honored because he represents the ideal type of American citizen—fearless, incorruptible, ardent, patriotic, high-minded and energetic—and because he is the sworn and trusted defender of the principles his countrymen cherish and the free institutions their fathers founded on this continent and consecrated with their blood and their devotion.

It was the man of the people who received the ovations of a nation last Saturday, and he received the ovations because he is a man of the people.

Balfour Still Holds on.

The Balfour Government is again tottering to a fall, but it has tottered nearly to a fall so many times, only to come up smiling with its second wind, that it may seriously be doubted if it will be overthrown till a general election occurs by the legal limitation of the life of Parliament. Balfour's latest trouble is caused by his attempt to thrust forward the Irish Home Rule issue—which is not very formidable as an issue, by the way—in order to obscure the fiscal issue and the tariff question with which it is intertwined.

Chamberlain is said to resent the attempt to sidetrack his scheme for a Zollverein between Britain and her Colonies, and has given ominous signs of his displeasure. Yet it is difficult to see what Chamberlain has to gain by assisting to hamstring the Conservative ministry, of which his son is a member. Balfour is simply playing the game of opportunism with the skill of a juggler and with as little regard to principle as marks Chinese diplomacy. He represents the kind of conservatism that opposes radical change, but is elastic enough on occasion, and is pliable on all occasions. The Premier is not a man of conscience and ideals, like Gladstone, for instance, or of great ambitions and imperial policies like Disraeli, or of stern, rooted class conservatism like Salisbury. He regards politics as a game of skill rather than a contest between opposing principles or policies and with him government is more of a matter of business than sentiment.

He had as lief play with the hand of his opponents as not and can frequently be found catering first to one side, then another. He looks at the tariff purely from the standpoint of expediency—political expediency, and is as ready to be a protectionist as a free trader, only no one can ever tell which he will be or how long he will be for the one thing or the other. A popular majority is against him on general principles, but this majority is so incoherent and so divided within itself that it cannot muster sufficient strength in a parliamentary division to hurl him from power. So Balfour continues to rule and play golf, and to laugh at his enemies. He is a superb tactician and not a bad administrator by any means.

Some of the newspapers will be very much disappointed if no poison is found in Mrs. Stanford's stomach. They act as if they wanted to hang somebody before the inquest is held. No wonder Miss Berner is on the verge of nervous collapse. The effort to make a case against her by twisting and distorting her words is almost diabolical.

Kuropatkin's dispatches announce that he has repulsed the Japanese at all points, but he continues to give notice of intended retreat. It has been his practice during the war to retire after drubbing the enemy. He does this to prove that he is as masterly in retreat as he is terrible in battle.

CURRY SUGGESTED FOR GOVERNOR.

The statement has been made through the press a number of times lately that Charles F. Curry, Secretary of State, had announced himself a candidate for Governor. That is a mistake, but his friends recognize in him an ideal candidate for that office, and he is in the hands of those friends. That is right. An unseemly scramble for the highest office in the gift of the voters of the State, is undignified, but no man should hold himself aloof or fail to respond to a call to the position, when asked to accept the nomination, and urged to do so by such a considerable number of people as now call on Mr. Curry to enter the lists as a candidate. By virtue of education, of experience and natural ability and tact, Mr. Curry would give an honorable administration as Chief Executive of California. The fact that he had a majority of 65,000 votes for Secretary of State at the last election places his election beyond the realm of a doubt if he is nominated. With friends, and good friends, too, in every country, every city and every hamlet in California, Mr. Curry would have such a wealth of support that the State could be classed with the great Republican States of the nation as a stronghold of the party doctrine. Yolo county gave Curry a ma-

jority for Secretary of State, and she would repeat the dose with him as a candidate for Governor. Everything considered, why is not Mr. Curry the logical candidate for the position. Study the matter, according to past experiences, present conditions and future needs of the party and we believe you will say that he is.—Woodland Mail.

A POPULAR APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of Frank Barnett as Sheriff is very popular and very appropriate in every way. Mr. Barnett is active in political affairs, and always genial and obliging. He is qualified in every sense for the position. It may be said that he is just the man who would be selected for such a position, if the selection were made as in private affairs, and not in some measure through political considerations. Mr. Barnett will undoubtedly be in line when the office is filled by election, two years hence.—Alameda Argus.

CHIPS FROM OTHER BLOCKS.

"Consider the porous plaster, my son," remarked the philosopher, "and don't get discouraged. Everybody turns his back on it, yet it hangs on, and eventually achieves success by close application."—New York Tribune.

Kansas wants the aid of Mr. Lawson in fighting the oil trust, and if he enters the fray with frenzied finance, not all the oil controlled by the trust will ever fill the stormy waters.—Baltimore American.

Susan B. Anthony has just passed 85. This is generally considered better than being dead and having a statue somewhere.—Minneapolis Journal.

Now that Maxim Gorky has been exiled there can be no further reasons for his refusal to come over here and settle down in Indiana among the other great authors.—Los Angeles Times.

That Chicago professor who claims that there is no such thing as an ideal marriage can shake hands with the Eastern divine who declares that Cain and Abel were women.—Houston Chronicle.

As Mr. Rockefeller's dividends this year will be only about \$60,000,000, it is unlikely that he will undertake any large philanthropies in Kansas just now.—Chicago News.

Hand bombs are being smuggled into Russia disguised as oranges. Thus does the "Yellow Peril" assume a new and threatening phase.—Los Angeles Express.

Some means must be found to protect mankind from such discoverers as Prof. Loeb. The possibility of turning out men on the chicken incubation plan is a menace to the equilibrium of labor.—Los Angeles Herald.

SOME PASSING JESTS.

"Oh, please," the young hen pleaded nervously, "what's the proper way to sit on a nest?"
"Hatch-way!" replied the old hen, with a silly cackle.—Philadelphia Press.

"Paw, what's a man-trap?"
"Well, I wouldn't swear to it, Johnny, but I think your big sister would come under that heading."—Detroit Tribune.

Mr. Mildly—Aren't hot cakes very heating at this time of year?
Mrs. Mildly—It depends upon where you apply them.—Collier's Weekly.

The Father—Eunice, I don't like the company your young man Spoonamore keeps.
The Daughter—Why, papa, I'm the only company he's keeping these days.—Chicago Tribune.

Hicks—Charley wired me last night.
Weber—What an absurd expression! "Wired!" As if you were a champagne bottle or a cheap bouquet!—Philadelphia Transcript.

"Words fail me! Words fail me!" exclaimed Representative Baker of Brooklyn, in the course of his speech on the Russian horrors.
"It is just as well," gravely commented Speaker Cannon, "for the gentleman's time has expired."—Troy Times.

There's a question asked in Russia
From October to October;
Can the Czar, with all his power,
Ever keep the Zemsky Sobor?
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Hints for the Ladies

Small wreaths of chignon flowers are shown for culture wear.

Head purses are shown in plain colors with gold mountings.

Linen motifs—embroidered—come in all forms and are easy to apply.

Those useful little rhinestone bar pins are selling for a quarter now.

Four puff elbow sleeves are seen on some of the spring gowns on display.

A dainty screen fan is decorated with birds in flight, the wings transparent.

A poker set in a pretty hardwood box is one of the marked-down articles.

Water color heads in gilt or black oval frames are selling for 39 cents each.

Gun-metal buttons are the proper ornament for mourning hats and wraps.

Blouses made of gray lace and net are new this season and pretty with gray suits.

Persian buckles in long oval shapes and intricate patterns are popular and sell from \$3.50 up.

For chilly days are mercerized argyle, knit in attractive patterns, in white and colors, for 38 cents.

Those little French powder books, filled with fresh tinted papers, are handy for the woman who travels.

Some of the strictly up-to-date spring tailor suits are shown trimmed with a light quality of glazed leather.

An inexpensive case for batpins consists of a long glass tube covered with blue silk and hung with blue ribbons.

That voile is still popular is proved by the number of new and dainty embroidered pieces that are seen in the shops.

A handbag or purse to match every gown is one of the prevailing fashions

and the shops are showing leather pocketbooks in all colors.

Here is a recipe for mending china which has stood the test of long time: Tie the article to be mended firmly together and boil in skim milk for an hour. The finest china, being hard throughout, will not join, but the softer pastes will mend perfectly. Dishcloths mended may be washed in hot water.

A cleansing fluid said to restore freshness to carpets, curtains, table covers, clothing and similar textiles that become soiled is made of a quart of boiling rain water, to which four ounces of castile soap have been added. When cool throw in four ounces of ammonia, two each of glycerine, alcohol and turpentine, and last of all a gallon of rain water. Bottle and use as required. After the fabrics have been well rubbed with the fluid they should be sponged or brushed off with clear, cold water.

ADELPHIANS TO DANCE.
The Adelpheans are planning their next social hop at Maple Hall for next Tuesday evening. The committee having the matter in charge is making all the necessary arrangements for an enjoyable evening.

The Board of Public Works yesterday afternoon adopted regulations whereby contractors and others erecting buildings hereafter cannot use any portion of the street or sidewalk which is not directly in front of the property on which the building rests. It is provided that there shall be an avenue of six feet on each side of the building. When the building in course of erection reaches more than two stories in height, the street shall be maintained for the safety of pedestrians.

The same regulations have been in force before, but yesterday the Board emphasized the necessity of enforcing them. Superintendent of Streets Ott was instructed to remove sawings at Seventh and Broadway streets, and found them to be in a dangerous condition.

It was recommended by the Board that the Council provide funds to repair Moss avenue bridge over Cemetery Creek. The bridge is unsafe.

Fire Chief Ball reported that the 12000 feet of hose recently ordered was satisfactory and that a new hose wagon recently ordered had been delivered.

Stoker C. B. Smith, of Engine Company No. 2 resigned yesterday. His place was filled by the promotion of Sub-Engineer William Rankin. Lambert Hyman, extra-man, was promoted to sub-driver and G. W. Brown was appointed extra-man.

The West Oakland Athletic Club was granted permission to hold a boxing exhibition on March 11.

BERKELEY GOT ALL IT WANTED

Ways and Means Men Sat Down on Managerial Flimflamming.

(Special to THE TRIBUNE.)

SACRAMENTO, March 6.—The only institution which did not ask for a greater appropriation than it needed, among all the institutions of the State, was the Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind at Berkeley and that got all it asked for.

These were the words of Chairman Stanton of the Assembly Committee on Ways and Means as he plucked a rib of gray hair from his pate, the result of his labors on that committee, in conversation with THE TRIBUNE correspondent today.

"Of course, there are kicks over some of the amounts allowed by the Ways and Means Committee, but that is because each institution asked for a great deal more than it needed. Where a thousand was required it was multiplied sometimes by one and a half, and sometimes by two. That makes a great deal of difference.

CONTROLLER'S ESTIMATES.

"Some time ago, Controller Colgan sent a request to every State institution for figures as to what would be required by it for the next two years, so that he could make his estimates, and responses were received from all.

"The Ways and Means Committee, later, sent out similar requests, and those were responded to, also. The only institution which didn't ask any more from the Committee than it showed it needed to the Controller was the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute at Berkeley. The two showings were just the same, and Berkeley immediately was allowed all she wanted—all she asked for."

REV. OWEN HOTTE RESIGNS

A THROAT AFFECTION HAS NECESSITATED A REST FROM PREACHING.

The announcement of the resignation of the Rev. Owen Hotte as pastor of the Eighth Avenue Methodist church was made from the pulpit yesterday morning and his congregation was much affected by the news. His retirement has been necessitated as the result of an illness he had last October which has left his throat in such a condition that the physicians state he must have absolute rest if he would recover so as to be able to preach again. In the meantime he has been given the general secretaryship of the Y. M. C. A. here and will put his energies into the important work before that organization in the collection of funds and construction of the new building.

Mr. Hotte has been the pastor of the Eighth Avenue church since 1901, when he was moved out here by the general conference from Pittsburgh, Penn., the home of Mrs. Hotte. He, however, is a Californian and attended the University of California. When a senior he went to Chicago to take his degree. He has been very successful in the work he has made his profession and endeared himself to his congregation and many wept yesterday when they heard the news that took him from them. He, however, is in hopes that by the time of the next general conference in September he will be able to resume his vocation.

The pulpit just made vacant is to be filled by the Rev. L. H. Baker, an evangelist of note, whose home is at Berkeley, but who has been engaged in evangelistic work in the State of Washington. He was transferred out to California by the East Ohio conference from Delaware, O., on account of the health of his wife. He will take charge of the pulpit until next September and join with the other evangelists in the present great revival work under the leadership of Rev. Chapman.

LATE NEWS FROM RICHMOND

FRATERNAL HAPPENINGS AND ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST.

RICHMOND, March 6.—El Cerrito Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, met at Maple Opera House recently and elected E. A. Marshall as delegate and Wm. Minton, as alternate to the meeting of the Grand Lodge to be held at Stockton in May.

Delegates will be elected at this meeting to the Head Camp of the order, which convenes at Milwaukee in June.

El Cerrito Camp is making extensive preparations for its entertainment at Maple Opera House on St. Patrick's night.


LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.
The Ladies' Aid Society of Our Lady of Mercy Church announce a grand musical and literary entertainment to be given at Schuch's Hall on St. Patrick's eve. A popular program is being filled with the best talent.

NEWS ITEMS.
G. W. Henkel, of Hollister, arrived in town Saturday and has accepted a position as salesman with the Rochdale Company. He is a nephew of Dr. Redwood.

Charles Concanon is down from Black Diamond where he is engaged in installing an electrical plant. He says ten

KAHN'S—The Always Busy Corner

SOROSIS SHOES



For an Ideal GIBSON TIE permit us to suggest style No. 270 (See Cut) in Patent Leather and Tan Calf; welted sole. All our Ties are lined with imported Bleached French Calf-skin, which is the most expensive lining used, but it insures freedom from dyes in the cheap skins, commonly used for this purpose.

ALL SIZES \$3.50 ALL STYLES

It is an unquestioned fact that Sorosis Shoes enjoy the enthusiastic support of more wearers than any other Woman's Shoe ever placed upon the market.

All the staple styles in all the new leathers.

\$3.50

Kahn Bros.

THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

Twelfth Street, Toward Washington, Oakland

AMUSEMENTS.

YE LIBERTY PLAYHOUSE

EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK
MATINEES SATURDAY AND SUNDAY

OLD HEIDELBERG

Richard Mansfield's Authorized Version
Perfect Cast. Superb Mounting. Chorus of Students in College Songs.
SPECIAL—During the Entire Act Each Friday Night Miss Winifred June Morgan Will Conduct the Association Orchestra, Assisted by August Hinrich.

IN PREPARATION—Richard Walton Tully's New Play of the California Missions—

JUANITA OF SAN JUAN

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

Curse DRINK

DRUNKENNESS CURED TO STAY CURED BY White Ribbon Remedy.
No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in glass of water, tea, coffee or food without patient's knowledge.
White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation.

Endorsed by Members of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Physicians, Hospitals, Clergymen and Temperance Workers.

Write Dr. W. R. Brown, 218 Tremont St., Boston, for trial package and letter. All letters confidential and destroyed as soon as answered. White Ribbon Remedy sold by druggists everywhere. Also sent by mail in plain package, price \$1.00. Sold and recommended by special agent in Oakland, Owl Drug Co., Broadway and 15th street.

F. W. LAUFER
N. W. Corner Washington and Tenth Sts.
OPTICIAN

EMPIRE THEATRE

Twelfth St. Near Broadway.
VAN SYKLE AND CARLSON. Props. HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE.
NEW CHANGE OF BILL WEEKLY.
Admission, 10c. Matinee daily at 2:15. Evening performances at 8:15 and 9:45. Extra shows Saturday, Sunday and holidays.

RACING! RACING!

New California Jockey Club

OAKLAND TRACK
Commencing Saturday, November 11. Racing every week day, rain or shine. Races start at 2:15 p. m. sharp. For special trains stopping at the track, take Southern Pacific Ferry, foot of Market street, at 3 p. m.; 12:30, 1:30 or 2 p. m.
Returning—Trains leave the track at 4:10 and 4:45 p. m. and immediately after the last race.
—ADMISSION 10c. Matinee daily. Extra performances on Saturday and Sunday.

BELL THEATER

San Pablo Avenue, Opp. City Hall.
Handsome Vaudeville House in the West. Vaudeville stars appear at all times. Change of bill every Monday.
—ADMISSION 10c. Matinee daily. Extra performances on Saturday and Sunday.

NOVELTY THEATER

Twelfth St. Between Tenth and Twelfth Sts.
TONY LUBELAKI, Pres. and Gen. Mgr. H. H. HOFFMAN, Resident Manager.
BEGINNING MONDAY, MARCH 6. ENTIRE NEW BILL THIS WEEK.
All artists HIGH class people. Gilt edge vaudeville show. Matinee daily at 2:15. Two performances nightly. Admission 10 cents. Penny Arcade now open. Admission free.

BARGAINS! PIANOS!

Which have been rented

STANDARD—ebonized case	\$150
MARSHALL & WENDELL—walnut case	175
SINGER—oak case	185
SCHULHOFF—ebonized case	190
CORNETT—walnut case	195
HOWARD—mahogany case	195
SMITH—walnut case	200
PEASE—oak case	210
EMERSON—small size—oak case	275
BARNES—large size—mahogany case	285
DECKER BROS.—rosewood case	300
EMERSON—oak case—fine tone	325
ESTEY—small size—mahogany case	325
STECK—walnut case—large size	350
ANGELUS—mahogany case	215

EASY PAYMENTS

Sherman, Clay & Co
Broadway at Thirteenth

LOOKS ON BONDING SCHEME AS GRIM MONSTER.



CHARLES C. SWAFFORD.

Charles C. Swafford Gives Reasons For Being Against the Bond Issue.

Editor TRIBUNE: No question is settled until it is settled right. Overshadowing a most important election hangs the grim monster of a bonding scheme that purposes to enthrall the city of Oakland in a nefarious plan promising a great burden of debt, a long period of excessive taxation and years of bitter legal, business and political strife.

As a citizen and a person qualified to advise on a matter of such stupendous importance, I ask the attention of readers to the following summary of the situation respecting the bonding of this city to acquire the semblance of that which we all so earnestly desire in substance.

We hear men speak lightly of bonding this city for \$5,000,000. What does this mean?

First: That we are to plunge this community into debt within twenty per cent of the limit of bonded indebtedness. Should this happen, what hope have we for a decade of being able to build a new City Hall; or improve our poor streets; or add to our beautiful city the necessary parks and boulevards to render this an inviting residence to prospective settlers?

Second: That we add to an excessive tax rate of \$2.37 (already increased by the tax for school bonds) an amount that will surely react to the debasement of real estate values, enhance rent rates, and decrease consequently the purchasing power of a day's wages or other fixed income.

Third: This bonding scheme promises bitter legal strife that is destined to cost this city (and that means the taxpayers) many thousands of dollars.

FOURTH: Our water rates cannot be lessened as the present company must remain in the field as a competitor and has a right under the law to have water rates fixed by the same City Council as shall also make the rate of the municipal plant. Can these authorities make rates which shall be "fish for one and fowl for the other" of the two competing corporations?

Fifth: Water rates are now included in the rent rates collected by landlords. The tendency of rents is upward at the present time; with increased taxes on account of the proposed bonds, does anyone dare say that the rent rate will not be increased? and in all probability the water rate will be collected from the tenant in addition to the increased rent.

Sixth: Property must inevitably suffer a depreciation on account of lack of buyers and a live market in realties—a tax-ridden community sooner or later is bankrupted by an excessive tax rate. Many property holders, even now struggling to keep their property will suffer loss of home or investment under foreclosure or the auctioneer's hammer.

MENACE TO PEACE. From a business standpoint, therefore, to enter at this time upon a bond issue of \$5,000,000, means prolonged financial distress and inevitable disaster to city and people.

These reasons alone are sufficient to deter the least thoughtful among us from entering upon an undertaking fraught with such menace to the peace and prosperity of the city of our home.

But there are other reasons for rejecting the proposed Bay Cities plan, and I undertake to put these as concisely as possible.

1. The plan of the Bay Cities is a cheap and impractical one, conceived in the minds of a corporation and urged upon the city of Oakland by every trick and device known to capitalized companies and sustained by arguments that are specious and tainted with bribery.

Under such circumstances it is strange that the people should be suspicious and alert, and, as time advances, more and more determined to defeat the perpetration of an iniquitous deal?

UNKNOWN REGION. 2. The Bay Cities plan proposes to get water from an unknown region, where the conditions for supply are doubtful, if not absolutely poor, both as to quantity and quality, and one in which these conditions are deteriorating rather than improving.

You know what happened to Jack and Jill—and if this city is going to follow the example of this shallow-jated pair we apprehend the same disastrous consequence.

3. It is a part of this plan to convey water of doubtful quality and quantity to the corporate limits of Oakland through a wood-stave pipe, that readily propagates every form of bacteria, and by decay and pollution adds to an already infected water supply, the germs of typhoid fever, malaria, la grippe and kindred diseases.

4. The entire plan is chimerical.

NOT MELONS

But Good Old Grape-Nuts This Time.

Out at Rocky Ford, Colorado, where the wonderful melons come from, a man had an experience with food that he will never forget.

"I had been running down for a long time, memory got very bad. I had that dreadful feeling of apprehension that something was going to happen, and could not get rid of it."

"I lay many nights almost without any sleep whatever, had a dull sick headache most of the time, was nervous and my stomach was in a dreadful condition."

"I had become almost a complete physical wreck. Heart irregular. My complexion was sallow and I had lost flesh until I was very thin."

lacking in scientific basis, and offers a cheap substitute for that which should be far-reaching and enduring—what this city should seek is a plan capable of extension, one that will admit of elaboration into a water system for a future "Greater Oakland."

The very cheapness of this plan is its dearest feature. It is proposed to construct reservoirs upon plans that do not recommend themselves, except perhaps, to the Bay Cities Water Company and their board of engineers. This same board, under direction of this same water company, recommends the omission from the original plan of filter reservoirs which will tend to further cheapen the plant.

WOOD STAVE PIPE.

There might in some cases be an excuse for using wood-stave pipe for conveying water or sewage—water for irrigating purposes or water power may be so conveyed, perhaps to advantage and especially when the needs are of a temporary or urgent nature. Wood-stave pipe can be quickly constructed and is a cheap substitute for iron pipe, but it is unfit for high pressures, cannot be depended upon as a decay sets in immediately and is a constant source of annoyance and expense.

In conclusion, the report of the board of engineers deserves some attention.

This board spent several days—three or four—in going over a diversified region 55 square miles in extent, and in that time they observed the character of the numerous water-sheds, the nature of the soil, which they say is unfit for cattle culture; but is excellent for drinking purposes; they counted up the number of dwellers in those 55 square miles, and decided that few live there and others will keep away; the streams were seen to be full of water—and what streams of Northern California have not been well supplied this season?—the rainfall was taken from data furnished by the Bay Cities Company, and where data were lacking this board supplied its own hypothetical estimates.

Now I say that all these conclusions are unscientific, unreliable and unprofessional. To recommend to a municipality to invest \$5,000,000 in a water plant that offers no better security or no more feasible and reliable plans is the part either of incompetent or unscrupulous advisers.

Let me quote the exact language of the report of this board of engineers: "The great percentage of total run-off, during normal years, occurs in the months of March and April."

School children, generally, understand that March and April are the months when the streams are full without being informed by an august board of engineers.

"There are no long-time, continuous records existing for these exact areas; but, during the season of 1903 and 1904, a very careful record of rainfall was kept by the Bay Cities Water Company at twenty-nine well distributed gauging stations therein."

These statements are evidently facts, but the reliability of experts records ought never to form the basis of scientific conclusions; no court would accept such evidence.

"The flashy character of the run-off is due to the thin soil covering of the water-sheds, the average steepness of their slopes, and the fact that the major portion of the season's rainfall comes as storms

E. E. COR. THIRTEENTH AND WASHINGTON STS.
ABRAHAMSONS
OAKLAND'S MOST POPULAR STORE



Millinery
Opening Days

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
March 9th, 10th and 11th

An Authoritative Display of Exclusive
Spring Millinery

A Surperb showing of the best efforts of Parisian Modistens selected with great care. Marvelous productions of the world's foremost designers, shown together with beautiful conceptions from our own expert milliners--thus portraying exquisite millinery beauty of two hemispheres.

and not as frequent showers."

SHOWERS.

Everybody knows that most of California's rains come in storms and not as frequent showers. The "flashy character" of these conclusions is due to thin-skinned intellect.

What better evidence than the above quotations do we need to show that the basis and the conclusions of this report are misleading and unscientific—they are unworthy of men supposed to be qualified by education and experience to probe such matters and to furnish reliable information instead of dealing in hypothetical instances and sophomoric truisms.

CHAS. C. SWAFFORD,
President Pacific Technical College

APPLIES FOR LETTERS ON BISHOP'S ESTATE

Application for letters of administration on the estate of the late Sheriff John N. Bishop was made Saturday afternoon by the widow, Mrs. Ada A. Bishop. Search for the will was made, but none was found. In her petition, Mrs. Bishop states that the estate consists chiefly of personal property, valued at about \$1,000. Shortly before his death, however, Bishop conveyed to his wife a house recently built on a lot on Chestnut street. He also carried an insurance of \$2,000 on his life in the Ancient Order of United Workmen and \$1,000 in a railroad organization. The heirs are the widow and three children, two daughters and a son.

VISITOR ROBBED ON S. P. MOLE

Albert Garcia, who lives in San Rafael, reported to the police yesterday that he was held up by two men on the Southern Pacific Mole Saturday night and robbed of \$32 and a gold watch. Garcia said that he had missed the 7 o'clock local train to Oakland and that while waiting for the next train he was approached by two strangers, who induced him to go outside the depot and then held him up and robbed him.

E. F. Smith, a student at the University of California, notified the Oakland police yesterday that some time Saturday his locker in the Harmon Gymnasium had been broken open and a watch stolen. He has no clue to the thief.

PATENT BERTHS FOR SEA-SICKNESS

(From the London Express.) The patent sleeping bunk has been fitted on two of the cross-Channel steamers and has proved most satisfactory. The claims of the inventor, Mr. W. Whitehouse, were fully borne out yesterday, when one of the new bunks was tested on the Lord Warden at Dover. By means of automatically working electrical brakes the bunk remains al-

ways level, no matter how badly the steamer may roll.

Besides being always kept level, the India-rubber springs and buffers so minimize the bunk's vibration that the motion felt is no more than that of a railway train.

It is now only a matter of time before the new bunk is fitted to all the other steamers of the cross-Channel fleets.

NOVELS BY INDIANS. Of late years the number of writers among the Cherokees has greatly increased. There are historians in the tribe whose works are used as textbooks in the Indian schools, and who are cited as authorities not to be disputed. There are also Indians who have written codes of law which before being put in permanent form had been handed down from generation to generation. The Indians today obey these laws with a greater reverence than they do the laws of the United States. There are Indian novelists—novelists who devote their time to entertaining the Indian mind with romance with entangled plots and blood-curdling climaxes. These books are popular among the Indians. Edition after edition of some works are published, and they are read by buck and squaw alike.—Chicago Journal.

LOVE'S TEST. Absence is not love's true test; Nor is the flail of adverse fate; The love that's faithfullest and best Is that whose ardors never abate Thro' all the petty, jarring strife Of daily comradeship in life.—Susie M. Best, in Good Housekeeping.

Prepare your caramel by putting into a small pan eight tablespoons of granulated sugar and cooking it, stirring until it turns to a golden color. Make a custard of a pint of milk, three eggs and sugar to sweeten abundantly. Take from the fire and set away to cool, then add the just-prepared caramel and a quart of cream. Flavor with vanilla and freeze.

THIS IS THE KIND OF
WEATHER YOU SHOULD BE
OUT OF DOORS!

**Do you ride
a wheel?**

It's Easy to Learn if You Don't.
When You Do, Come to Us to
Make Your Selection of Your

BICYCLE

We will sell you the latest improved Wheel at a very reasonable figure, and have a nice invoice to choose from. Bicycle and Motor Bicycles. Wheels Rented and Repaired.

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General Work Artistically Executed and Fully Guaranteed. Architecture, residences, animals, fine carriage teams. California views for sale. Phone Brush 842.

702 Telegraph Oakland, Cal

A Double Day's Duty

Is in a measure performed by bread of our baking—it's good eaten fresh the first day; whatever's left of the loaf makes capital toast next day. So, however and whenever you eat it, T. Dorgan's Bread meets many missions in the family economy. Note the name: Imperial Home Bakery's Bread.

IMPERIAL HOME BAKERY
T. DORGAN, Prop.
541 Eleventh St. Phone John 181
565 Castro St. Phone James 606



Floral Designs

Gill's Floral Depot

Over 100 different varieties to select from—The choicest cut flowers in the city.

Corner 14th and Clay Sts.
Phone Main 1098

FIRST OF ITS PLAYS

Dramatic Association
Selects "Paola and
Francesca."

BERKELEY, March 6.—The Dramatic association committee has decided upon Stephen Phillips' "Paola and Francesca" as the play to be given by the society in the latter part of April. The production has never been put on any stage before and it will be necessary to secure permission from Mr. George Alexander of the St. James theater, London, before it may be presented, as he holds the exclusive right to use the drama. It is believed, however, from the nature of the work that there will be no difficulty in getting permission to use it, and preparations will go forward immediately. The cast will soon be chosen and rehearsals begun.

This will be the first production that the association has attempted, but as its membership includes the best undergraduate talent in college its success seems sure. To meet the need that has always been felt for an organization to encourage dramatic interest among the students, this society was formed last term, and now its activity begins.

The committee to arrange for a play has been at work for some time considering the question of a suitable play for the members to present and a desirable time and place to give it. Now the drama has been chosen and the approximate date for its performance decided upon, definite demonstration of the work of the society is to do is given. The exact date and place will be announced soon.

EXPLAINED.

John Jones on his Stenographer With best of reasons does, She's the only person who Will take from his his Notes! The others demand Cash.

And for another reason, too, He swears that she is great. She's the only woman in the world To whom he dares dictate! He's married.

—Collier's.

Some men fail to reach the allotted three-score and ten years because they attempt to crowd two days into one.—Chicago News.

FRIDAY NOT AN UNLUCKY DAY

The committee of newspaper men which met this morning decided that, in accordance with our published promise:

All Money Spent at the MESMER-SMITH STORE, between 8 a. m. and Noon, of Friday, March 3, shall be returned.

Bring in your Sales Tags of last Friday morning and

GET YOUR MONEY BACK

MESMER-SMITH CO.
1113-1126 Washington Street, Oakland



SOME SECRETS OF PATENT MEDICINES.

The Origin of Some of the Famous Medicines.

IF we could trace the origin of the many things which enter into our daily life we doubtless would be greatly surprised at what we would learn. In some instances we would find their beginning in mere accident. In other cases we would find that they originated in some stroke of genius.

For instance, Cointer's History of New York State states that:

"Of the men who have given wealth, stamina and character to the Empire State, the medical profession has furnished example in the successful and justly celebrated physician, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. Especially educated for the profession, he early supplemented his studies by extensive and original research in its several departments. Devoting his attention to certain specialties of the science he has so carefully investigated, he has been rewarded in a remarkable degree. That his success is real is evidenced by the fact that his reputation as a man and a physician does not deteriorate, and the fact that there is a steadily increasing demand for his medicines proves that they are not nostrums, but reliable remedies for disease." Dr. Pierce's establishment at Buffalo is one of the show points of that flourishing city and is well worth a visit to see how modern medicines, even though they be patent, are compounded with the utmost skill, by trained chemists and on the most scientific principles. It is also worth while for the purpose of seeing the methods followed by which each applicant, whether he be a correspondent or a patient at the hospital, secures the care of eminent specialists in medicine and surgery. Once these things are seen, it will be speedily acknowledged by the most skeptical that all patent medicine businesses are not the frauds which some careless papers have declared them to be.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a pure medicine, made from herbs, leaves and roots of plants and trees indigenous to America. It is a remedy without alcohol or any poisonous ingredient and taken from the system. It has stood the test of the public's approval for the last third of a century. For purifying the blood it has no equal for positiveness and speed. It is most effective for a chronic cough, as it has a soothing effect upon the mucous membrane of the throat so that a cough is smothered out and at the same time the blood-vessels are given a stimulation which throws off a cold, bronchitis or incipient consumption. Really a cold is nothing but the stagnation of the blood-vessels of the human system. If people want to remain strong and healthy they should see that their blood vessels are active. The medicinal value of one plant which

makes up a part of this good old remedy, the "Discovery" is the positive action it has upon the kidneys. Many hundreds of testimonials have been received by Dr. Pierce from those people who have suffered from kidney disease and have been cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

"Your 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me of rheumatism after I had tried a dozen remedies without relief and also gonorrhea. I was in a state of health," writes Harry Kitter, 1645 6th Street, Denver, Colo. "Only those who have suffered with this dread malady know the pain and misery I endured for over five years. Whenever the weather was damp or cold my troubles were increased and my joints would be so stiff and sore that I was hardly able to move about and often unable to dress myself. I used a number of highly recommended medicines, but they had no effect whatever on me, and I came to Colorado hoping to regain my health, but failed to obtain the relief I had hoped for. A gentleman in the house where I lived advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and in four months and a half after I began using it I was a well man, and have had no touch of it for the past seven months."

The most precious possession on earth is perfect health. It is the ground-work of all prosperity in life, and few people grudge any reasonable expenditure for its preservation. It is the means of restoring, but one of the most disheartening things in the world is for any one who works hard for his money to keep paying it out for doctors and medicines that do no earthly good. It is like throwing it into the fire.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is a medicine that will help you no matter what ails you. This is true because it works directly at the root of all disease—the digestive system, the blood, the nerves, the liver and kidneys. Keep these in healthy condition and you cannot be sick.

Many of the cures of the "Golden Medical Discovery" seem almost miraculous. Its effect is almost immediate. It is at hand at all times. It comes up the stomach, invigorates the liver, regulates the bowels.

It gets right in the blood and carries strength and comfort to every fiber of the body. It nourishes and invigorates the weakened irritated nerves and puts the entire system in perfect tune.

It is a safe medicine. Safe for adults—safe for children. It contains no sugar, syrup, whiskey, alcohol or any of the opiate. Therefore, it does not create a craving for stimulants. It is distinctly a temperance medicine.

If a medicine dealer tries to substitute some other preparation when you ask for "Golden Medical Discovery"—look out for him. He is either ignorant or dishonest and you can't trust him.

A Great Doctor Book Free.—Send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. to cover cost of mailing only and he will send you a free copy of his 1008 page Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper-covered. Cloth-covered 31 stamps.

QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED BEFORE VOTING BONDS

A Series of Pertinent Interrogatories Every Taxpayer Should Put to Himself Before Casting His Ballot.

The following questions should be considered by every voter before expressing his opinion by ballot upon the question of placing upon our city a mortgage of \$6,000,000 for the purpose of accepting the offer of the Bay Cities Water Company.

1. WHY increase our TAX RATE to lower our water bills?

2. WHY tie up \$3,750,000 to await final determination of A LOT OF LAWSUITS?

3. WHY should we issue bonds to acquire CLAIMS TO PROPERTY, not property itself?

4. WHY should not the Bay Cities Water Company, before asking us to act upon the bond question, SUBMIT ITS TITLES to examination by our City Attorney so that he and not they, could tell us that their titles were good?

5. WHY should the city mortgage itself for \$6,000,000 to enter into a COMPETITIVE WATER STRIFE with an existing corporation?

6. WHY should a WOODEN CONDUIT be used in transmitting water 52 miles from the intake to the limits of the City of Oakland?

7. HOW LONG will the wooden pipe LAST?

8. WHAT will a steel pipe COST when the wooden pipe ROTTS? Won't it cost \$1,600,000 to replace the wooden pipe with steel?

9. WHY should we not in voting bonds to the extent of \$6,000,000 get the BEST POSSIBLE PLANT?

10. WHY do not the Bay Cities Water Company show their GOOD FAITH in their scheme and put in their plant, and THEREBY PROVE the possibility of delivering 20,000,000 gallons of water a day, and then offer their plant to us?

11. WHY should we issue bonds to buy a plant upon which plant alone BONDS COULD NOT BE SOLD?

12. WHY should we pay them for putting in their plant when they WILL NOT GUARANTEE that we shall receive the 20,000,000 gallons of water each day but on the contrary, refer us to the engineers' report alone offering to put up a bond of \$1,000,000 to indemnify us for the expenditure which we shall have made, which at that time will be \$6,000,000?

13. WHY do we pay \$6,000,000 with only \$1,000,000 SURE TO GET BACK?

14. WHY, if, as they say it will be so profitable for the city to enter into competition with the Contra Costa Water Company do they NOT BUILD THEIR OWN PLANT and enter into such competition and make money?

15. WHY should we TAKE A RISK which they are unwilling to assume?

16. WHY should the man who has already gone to the expense of PUTTING A WELL upon his place so that he gets water for his own home, be compelled to pay taxes to provide his neighbor or the city, with water?

17. WHY should unoccupied land which consumes no water be called upon to pay a part of the taxes to make up the deficit that must result by accepting the Bay Cities proposition? IS THAT FAIR?

18. WHY is there SO MUCH SECRECY in connection with the Bay Cities proposition?

19. WHY are we continually told but NOT SHOWN that the city authorities are satisfied as to titles and things of that sort and that a contract will be drawn satisfactory to them?

20. WHY, are we not permitted ourselves to SEE THE FORM OF CONTRACT and to understand regarding it as we have to pay for it?

21. WHY, as it is our money that is being voted away, should we NOT HAVE SOMETHING TO SAY with reference to it, and to know more about the property which they want us to buy?

22. WHY has no report ever been made with reference to the QUALITY of the water by COMPETENT CHEMISTS?

23. WHY is the water not ANALYZED?

24. WHY is water that, after being taken from the reservoir originally containing it is sent down through the bed of a stream thirteen miles to a wooden pipe, whence it flows to the city limits ANY BETTER than what we have now?

25. WHY should water be taken from an elevation of 1700 feet, and delivered to the city at an elevation of ONLY 35 FEET, from which point the city will be compelled to pump it for service to the people?

26. WHY should the city constantly maintain a PUMPING PLANT, when gravity would deliver the water at all elevations in the city if proper pipe were used?

27. WHY should the city assume the BURDEN OF LITIGATION that must follow the delivery of water to

the city by the Bay Cities Water Company? It is not enough to say, that the Bay Cities Water Company will guarantee to take care of such litigation, for that litigation will not be terminated by the time that all their liability under their bond shall have expired. They say that litigation cannot be commenced until we begin taking water, that is three years off. Their bond would be put up at the time of making their contract, and it may be claimed by them that all liability thereunder would BE OUTLAWED at the end of four years, and litigation by that time will hardly have commenced.

28. WHY should not the Bay Cities Water Company submit to us A BUSINESS PROPOSITION, like this: "Will you agree to pay us \$3,750,000 if, within three years from the date of our offer we will bring to your city limits a water supply of 20,000,000 gallons per day?"

29. WHY should the house-owner, having his little place, have HIS TAXES INCREASED?

30. WHY should the city, by voting to issue bonds in the amount of \$6,000,000 thereby deprive itself of ALL OTHER POSSIBLE IMPROVEMENTS, such as street improvements, the construction of sewers, parks, boulevards and things of that nature?

31. WHY vote to let Mr. Tevis get \$3,750,000 of our money upon a promise to PAY BACK ONLY \$1,000,000?

32. WHY would it not be wiser to try to buy the Contra Costa Water Plant for a FAIR VALUATION and know the limit of our liability rather than to enter into the proposed contract whereby we are to pay \$6,000,000 to acquire AN UNKNOWN QUANTITY, surrounded by litigation and full of dangerous possibilities?

33. WHY not buy property of such value that it can CARRY ITS OWN BONDS, and not exhaust the credit of the city, cutting out the other public improvements?

34. WHY bond ourselves to buy property that CANNOT BE DELIVERED for three years maybe not for ten years MAYBE NOT AT ALL?

35. WHY pay interest and 4 per cent redemption on such purchases, BEFORE the property is DELIVERED?

36. WHY should we tear up 200 miles of streets for the purpose of laying pipes through them when pipes are ALREADY LAID all through those streets?

37. WHY do the bankers of the city, and the merchants, and the mass of property owners, stand opposed to the issuance of bonds for the acquisition of the Bay Cities Water Company proposition?

38. WHY should the Bay Cities proposition be built WITH OUR MONEY rather than with the money of the Bay Cities people themselves, especially in view of the fact that they REFUSE TO GUARANTEE that 20,000,000 gallons per day shall be delivered to us, but leave that question wholly with the engineers?

39. WHY would not WATER RATES BE REDUCED if the bonds are defeated for then Bay Cities will have to install their system to save their present investment, and become ACTIVE COMPETITORS of the Contra Costa Company?

40. WHY SHOULD WE BUY A PIG IN A POKE?

JEWELRY STOLEN.
NEW YORK, March 6.—Jewelry worth \$5000 has been stolen from the apartments in Sherman Square of Dudley Olcott, a well known club man. So far the police have obtained no clew to the thief, who entered the apartment while Mr. and Mrs. Olcott were attending a theater.

IMMIGRANTS ARRIVING.
NEW YORK, March 6.—Nearly twenty thousand immigrants forerunners of the spring rush are scheduled to arrive this week. Last week 14,585 were brought in by thirteen ships. Of the eighteen ships scheduled to arrive seven will bring 7,575 Italians. Of the large number now coming from Italy the majority will go west.

March April May

There is a best time for doing everything—that is, a time when a thing can be done to the best advantage, most easily and most effectively. Now is the best time for purifying your blood. Why? Because your system is now trying to purify it—you know this by the pimples and other eruptions that have come on your face and body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Are the medicines to take—they do the work thoroughly and agreeably. Accept no substitute.

THE OIL FIGHT IN KANSAS

COMMISSIONER MAKING INVESTIGATION AND WILL REPORT TO PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Commissioner James B. Garfield, of the Bureau of Corporation, has instituted a rigid investigation of the operations of the oil industry in Kansas and contiguous States. In response to a resolution of the House of Representatives, introduced by Representative Campbell of Kansas, the investigation of the oil industry will be carried on as rapidly as is consistent with thoroughness.

The report of Commissioner Garfield will be made directly to President Roosevelt. Whether it will be made public will be in the discretion of the chief executive.

Depending on the facts developed, it may be turned over to the Department of Justice for such action as the Attorney-General may deem proper. Commissioner Garfield said today that nothing would be left undone by his bureau to develop the facts regarding the operations of the oil trust in Kansas, as well as in other States. It is not the purpose of Commissioner Garfield to confine the inquiry to Kansas. It will not be circumscribed by State or geographical lines. It is the intention of the commissioner to make the investigation as exhaustive as the resolution of Representative Campbell contemplates, the purpose being to develop all the facts regarding the operations of the oil trust.

The method of procedure will be similar to that followed in the operations of the beef trust. The Commissioner of Corporations personally and through special agents, will obtain information from original sources. Already these sources of information have been sounded. They have responded to the Commissioner of Corporations by agreeing to furnish information, to afford the fullest opportunity for inspection of records and accounts, and to answer all questions pertinent to all matters involved in the inquiry.

It is the intention of Commissioner Garfield under direction of President Roosevelt, to make the inquiry into the operations of the oil trust as comprehensive and exhaustive as possible. Nothing will be left undone that will develop a single fact relating to the work of the trust, and if it has been unjust in discrimination against the producers of oil in Kansas or in any other State, the inquiry will show it.

It is pointed out that the oil trust through its pipe lines, is now a common carrier under the law, and it cannot be compelled to carry oil from any part made public by the definite announcement that the new Zion is soon to be established near the City of Mexico, where Dowie now is.

The "Apostolic letter," which had been looked forward to with much interest by the members of the church, who had become uneasy through the persistent rumors of financial difficulties was conciliatory and encouraging in tone.

It has been rumored persistently that Dr. Dowie never will return to Zion City permanently, that his advancing years and ill health have made it imperative upon him to assume less responsibility and prepare the way for his successor, who in all probability will be his son, Deacon Barnes, now with the party in Mexico, may be placed in charge of Zion City. Dr. Dowie is expected to arrive the second week in April for a visit.

CURED CONSUMPTION.
Mrs. B. W. Evans, Charwater, Kansas, writes: "My husband lay sick for three months. The doctors said he had quick consumption. We procured a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup, and it cured him. That was six years ago and since then we have always kept a bottle in the house. We cannot do without it. For coughs and colds it has no equal." 25c 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Wishart's Drug Store, Tenth and Washington streets.

A woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, cannot feel and act like a well person. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness, and give strength and rest.

Piedmont Baths.
First-class Turkish and Hamman Baths. Finest service on the Coast; experienced attendants. Also swimming tank for ladies and gentlemen. Piedmont car in Twenty-fourth street.

MEAT
in abundance
Overproduction
"THAT'S ALL"

Large Mutton	10c lb
Mutton Chops	10c lb
Large Veal	11c lb
Shoulder Lamb	8c lb
Roast Beef	9c lb
Beef to Boil	8c to 7c lb
Pork Chops	12c lb
Roast Pork	11c lb
Shoulder Rib Beef	3 lbs 25c
Best Corn Beef in Town	7c lb

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Money Saving Up-Town Market
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THE TURN OF LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for It. Two Relate their Experience.

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain.

When her system is in a damaged condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly followed by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are all just so many calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried thousands of women safely through this crisis.

For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge.

Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—
"I have been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the Change of Life. My womb was badly swollen, my stomach was sore, I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Success Where Others Fail



Mrs. A.E.G. Hyland

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms left me and I have passed safely through the Change of Life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chester-town, Md.

Another Woman's Case.
"During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the womb. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared."

"I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Marie Hinkle, Salem, Ind.

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for any woman at this time of life.

It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Success Where Others Fail

Information Bureau
of the
Bay Cities Water Company
opened at
1160 Broadway
Maps, Facts and Figures on the
Water Question for the Voters
and Taxpayers.

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COPY IMMEDIATELY.

STRIKE BREAKERS FOR THE SUBWAY

NEW YORK, March 6.—It has been learned that 526 men who are hired last night and were quartered aboard a steamer in the North river were brought from various cities of the west to forestall a threatened strike on the subway and elevated lines controlled by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

In spite of the efforts to keep the arrival of the men a secret, many of the employees of the Interborough Company were informed and at a meeting of the executive committee of the Amalgamated Association on which did not break up until this morning the situation was thoroughly discussed. The opinion was unanimously expressed that a strike cannot be avoided.

It is understood that agents acting for the company expect to mobilize a force of at least one thousand. The first clause of the contract with the men specifies that the applicant fully understands that this is for strike work in the City of New York.

Those who desert are to receive no pay, whatever.

In some quarters it was reported that an ultimatum had been prepared for presentation to General Manager Hedley and that all plans were ready to call a strike in the absence of an immediate settlement.

Officials of the labor unions controlling the railway employees went up and down the lines of the elevated and subway it was reported and by midnight every motorman, conductor, guard and station agent had been notified to be ready at a moment's notice.

President Pepper of the Employers' Association refused to be interviewed. He was reported to be in conference with the executive committee and to have received word from time to time from the delegates who were notifying the trainmen.

DIES SUDDENLY AFTER HIS PRAYER

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 6.—Geo. Geo. Wickham, an elder in the Presbyterian church for twenty-four years, offered prayer in the church returned home and had just greeted his wife when he was stricken with apoplexy and died. He was the father of Harvey L. Wickham, a San Francisco newspaper editor and a member of one of the oldest families in this section.

TO ASSIST THE DEFENSE
OTTAWA, Ont., March 6.—Honorable Gervais, a member of parliament has been engaged to assist Dr. Taschereau in the defense of Gaynor and Greene and a big legal battle is promised before it is definitely known whether they would be forced to return to the United States.

CAR RUNS AWAY.
NEW YORK, March 6.—A trolley car on the new Williamsburg bridge escaped the control of the motorman last night and running down grade crashed into the Manhattan Terminal and was overturned. The conductor was probably fatally hurt. Three passengers escaped with slight injuries.

Huge Task.
It was a huge task to undertake the cure of such a bad case of kidney disease as that of C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Ia. Electric Bitters did it. He writes: "My kidneys were so far gone I could not sit on a chair without chills and suffered from dreadful backache, headache and depression. In Electric Bitters, however, I found a cure and by them was restored to perfect health. I recommend this great tonic medicine to all who are afflicted with kidney disease. Guaranteed by Osceola drug stores, Seren and Broadway and Twelfth and Washington, price 35c."

SPORTS

BASEBALL MAGNATES TO TALK ABOUT IT.

President Bert of the Pacific Coast Baseball League has called a special meeting of the magnates to be held next Tuesday evening in San Francisco, to discuss the proposition offered by "Tip" O'Neill and Howard Griffith, who journeyed out here from the East for the purpose of requesting that arrangements be made whereby the Coast league come to some understanding with the other clubs in the A class to protect themselves against the drafting evil.

Following is the reasons issued to the press by the delegation as to why the A clubs should combine:

At present the major leagues each fall have the right to draft two players from each "class A" club (the stars of the teams), and pay in return therefor \$750 apiece. These stars are drafted on the 1st of September, and both players and the public know they are going three months before the season ends. This has a disastrous effect both on the ball club and the public. In order to avoid this unwarranted taking of the cream of a ball club for a mere pittance it has necessitated the selling by clubs of their two best men in order to obtain adequate compensation for them. Then, later, the major leagues come along and draft the two best players that remain, resulting in the loss of the four best men in a club. It may be possible to fill a single gap in a team, but, as every one knows, it is utterly impossible to fill four such gaps, and a championship club is dragged out of first place to the second division, and is lucky if it does not finish the following season a tail-end.

Under such conditions the property rights of a ball club are without protection and at

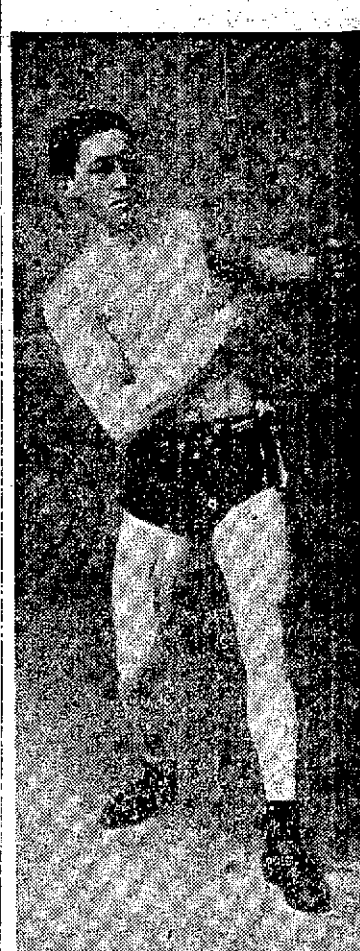
the mercy of the major leagues. In order to remedy these inequitable conditions the minor leagues, as New York, last October, proposed that the national agreement be amended so that the major leagues should be limited in their right of draft to one player from "class AA" and pay \$1500 therefor, this "class AA" being a special classification created for the Pacific Coast League, to which the Eastern League and the American Association have since been advanced. "Class A" as then defined comprised the Western and Southern leagues, and was proposed that their draft should be limited to two men and the price to be fixed at \$1000. The minor leagues even went so far as to say to the major leagues, "You may take these men at the close of our respective seasons and try them out until the 1st of the following May without the payment of a dollar, and if they do not prove satisfactory return them. We would rather have the men than the money, for if the player makes good and is retained his place cannot be filled for several thousand dollars." The minor leagues want to keep their stars; it isn't a question of money with them.

Upon the presentation of these draft proposals to the American League at its annual meeting in December they were rudely rejected. The National League, at its annual meeting, one week later adopted them unanimously. The question was then fought out at the annual meeting of the National Commission in Cincinnati in January, and Ban Johnson, president of the American League, again refused to grant the draft proposals, but agreed to submit them to his league at the joint schedule meeting, held in New York City two weeks ago. At that meeting the National League again adopted the draft proposals, but Ban Johnson and his American League remained obdurate.

AMATEUR FIGHTS SCHEDULED.

Low Powell and Young Choyinski to Meet

THEIR SECOND GO.



LOW POWELL.

There ought to be some lively scrapping in Woodward's Pavilion next Friday evening when Manager Morris Levy of the Hayes Valley Club will pull off his regular monthly amateur show.

The main event will be provided by Low Powell and "Young" Choyinski. This will be the second meeting of the pair, Choyinski having defeated Powell two months ago. The latter, however, is confident that he can reverse the decision Friday night.

Powell and Choyinski have deposited \$100 a piece that they will weigh in at 3 o'clock at Harry Corbett's on the day of the fight. The scheduled weight is 135 pounds.

Following is the remainder of the card:

Teddy Wolff vs. Frank Mayfield, 145 pounds; Abe Label vs. Southside Jack O'Brien, 125 pounds; Jim Ford vs. Joe McBride, 110 pounds; Pierpont Ordway vs. Tangletot McGovern, 125 pounds; Willie Edwards vs. Jack Bradshaw, 115 pounds, and Nobby Otto vs. Mike Synfy, 135 pounds.



LOW POWELL.

ASSOCIATION GAME RESULTS IN A TIE.

The Pickwick and the Oakland Hornets played a tie match in the first round of the California Association Football Union cup yesterday on the ground at Ninth and Bryant streets, San Francisco.

The ball was kicked off about 3 p. m., J. Frew being the referee. From the start the game was fast and furious. Pickwick holding the Hornets down well. After several futile attempts on the part of both teams to score, James Miller, the Pickwick center forward, put the ball between the posts. Shortly afterward the Hornets equalized the score. At half time the score stood: Pickwick, one goal; Oakland Hornets, one goal.

In the second period both teams played a hard game, the result being several fouls against the Hornets. Neither side was able to score and the match ended in a draw. The players of both teams were weakened by the absence of Bar-

rett goalkeeper; Gilchrist, full back, and the other players. Some of the spectators displayed too great anxiety for the Pickwick to win and made unnecessary remarks to the play of some members of the Hornets team.

For the Pickwick Krasnoff rendered valuable service in goal and the two backs were generally on the spot. The teams lined up in the following order: Pickwick—Krasnoff, goalkeeper; Kivvin (captain), center; left half back, W. T. Bowcock, right half back; Bowden, center half back; A. E. Bowcock, left half back; Robertson, outside right; Waters, inside right; Miller, center forward; Nolan, inside left; Ingham, outside left.

Oakland Hornets—W. McGregor, goalkeeper; McKenzie, right back; Pomeroy, left back; Robertson, outside right; Duncan, center half back; Bird, left half back; R. Disher, outside right; T. Disher, inside right; Smith, center forward; McCartney, inside left; Ferson, outside left.

BASKET-BALL OWNERS WHO HAVE WON A TIE.

A basketball game was played Saturday afternoon between the girls' team from the Haywards High School and that from Alameda High. The game was a tie, five points being scored on each side. It took place on the Alameda grounds, where the players were handicapped by the sandy surface. The Haywards girls had been used to playing on a hard court at Haywards and had developed a remarkably fast game, which was badly interfered with by the poor footing.

The score at the end of the first twenty-minute half was one to one. There were no accidents, though all the players worked hard. An attendance of over 100 persons watched the game. A large delegation went from Haywards on a special car, each spectator bringing a black and gold pennant to wave. The Alameda contingent was also provided with flags, the colors being yellow and white.

Miss Margaret Scott, who teaches mathematics and science at the Haywards High school, acted as coach for the Haywards team. The good showing made was largely due to her instructions. Three months ago the Alameda girls went to Haywards to play and were defeated, 16 to 2. Since that time they have been training hard in an effort to turn the tables.

Following is the line-up of the team from Haywards: Captain and touch center—Ethel Yeasay; right center, Nelda Oakes; left center, Emma Meyers; forwards, Helen Jacobsen, Hazen Brunner, Lillie Harder; guards, Anna Langham, Florence Linekin, Mabel Johnson.

SPLIT, BRITTLE, DULL HAIR. All Come From Dandruff, Which Is Caused by a Germ.

Split hair, hard hair, lusterless hair, brittle hair, falling hair, all owe their origin to dandruff, which is caused by a measly little microbe that burrows into the scalp throwing up the cuticle into dandruff scales and sapping the vitality of the hair at the root, causing the several diseased conditions of the hair till it finally falls out. Modern science has discovered a remedy to destroy the dandruff microbe, which is combined in Newbro's Allays itching instantly and makes hair soft as silk. Take no substitute; nothing "just as good." Sold by leading druggists. Send 10 cents in stamps for sample to The Hygienic Company, Detroit, Michigan. Bowman & Company, special agents.

Since the opening of the season the New California Jockey Club has distributed about \$75,000 in stakes and purses. M. J. Daly holds the lead, but is likely to be passed soon. The victory of Horatius has moved Frank Skinner up the line. Among the owners with over \$1,500 to their credit are: M. J. Daly, \$15,960; W. B. Jennings, \$13,625; Louis H. Ezell, \$13,525; G. E. Rowell, \$11,415; G. W. Wilson, \$9,745; Frank Skinner, \$9,010; P. Ryan, \$7,745; John P. Schorr, \$5,245; T. G. Ferguson, \$5,375; James Gryan, \$5,370; R. J. Brinkworth, \$5,155; D. Cameron, \$3,435; W. Gilbert, \$3,380; S. A. Hoppas, \$3,330; W. H. Stevens & Son, \$3,125; Walter Sharts, \$3,145; Wm. Cahill, \$2,990; James Blute, \$2,860; Napa Regus Farm, \$2,860; James Curli, \$2,755; Parker & Thwaite, \$2,650; Wm. Baird & Co., \$2,530; J. Reavey, \$2,490; D. S. Fountain, \$2,545; S. J. Jones, \$2,425; E. Gaylord & Co., \$2,330; T. H. Ryan, \$2,350; D. A. Ross, \$2,355; M. E. Richter, \$2,300; H. Stover, \$2,240; Mrs. Jas. Coffey, \$2,270; S. Judge, \$2,170; Stanfield & Ellis, \$2,225; P. Sheridan, \$2,110; Baker City Stable, \$2,015; J. O. Keene, \$2,010; Geo. Trobel, \$2,000; A. C. Dean, \$1,950; E. Barrett, \$1,590; J. J. G. Fleeter & Co., \$1,850; T. B. McLaughlin, \$1,810; F. J. O'Rourke, \$1,825; H. Green, \$1,755; Figaro Stable, \$1,705; Figaro Stable, \$1,760; Jones & Lusk, \$1,670; W. Keating, \$1,565; J. Schneckoht, \$1,590; G. W. Dodge, \$1,535.

THE W. E. CLUB. Mrs. F. T. Barnett entertained the W. E. (Wives of Elks) Club Tuesday afternoon at her beautiful home on Eighth street. After the election of a president, which was unanimously in favor of Mrs. S. C. Edgerton, the interesting game of Five Hundred commenced. The fortunate members to win prizes were: First, Mrs. F. J. Wilson; second, Mrs. J. W. Terney; third, Mrs. F. J. Malden. Mrs. Charles H. Butler was admitted as a new member and Mrs. P. S. Journal substituted for Mrs. A. E. Shumate. After refreshments and a most enjoyable afternoon with a charming hostess, the club adjourned to meet Tuesday, March 14th, at the residence of Mrs. D. C. Hodgkins on Twenty-fourth street.

A woman's jealousy flatters a youth of 20 and scares a man of 40.

EMPIRE GUN CLUB PROGRAM FOR THE SEASON OF 1905.

Local Organization to Hold Its First Shoot on Grounds at Alameda Point March 12.

Programs for the Empire Gun Club trap shooting season of 1905 have been issued. They are almost a duplicate of what was offered by the local organization last season, as nearly perfect as it is possible to make them, giving the amateur and the crack shot an equal chance in prize winning.

The championship race is similar to that of last season, differing only in the amount of purse, which has been increased from \$50 to \$75, and the number of money from three to five, making the event broader and more liberal in all respects. It is a high gun event and the scores during the entire season are counted, signifying beyond a doubt the real champion of the club, who, besides being rewarded with his cash winning, will also receive the 1905 championship label button.

The money match is the same as that programmed by the club for the past six years, making each shoot, as it does in this event, a final one. The Empire Club was the first to originate this idea, and after constant hammering it has about convinced all other clubs that it is the proper method of distribution. Gold and silver cuff buttons that are offered as prizes in this match should not be overlooked, as they are well worth winning.

Open to all Events—The programs offered by this club during the past three years under this heading have again been duplicated with only a slight change of fees. In the first event, where the \$15 prize is divided into two money instead of giving one to the winner, the event has always proved very interesting and satisfactory to all contestants.

The Sweeney record medal has been duplicated this year. The program covers this event so clearly it needs no further comment. The entrance fee charged is little more than the cost of actual practice birds, and taking into consideration the valuable prizes offered, it should certainly warrant a very good attendance this season. The opening shoot will be held Sunday, March 12, at Alameda Point. All members are requested to attend the regular club meeting which is held in room 501, Parrott building, San Francisco, Tuesday evening, March 7.

Following is the program for the season: Club shoots regularly on second Sunday

of each month during trap shooting season. First event, 10:30 a. m.—Club championship race for 1905. Twenty-five birds. Entrance, 75 cents. \$75 United States gold coin will be given to the five members having highest scores. Only one in the season in this event. Money will be divided as follows: \$25, \$20, \$15, \$10 and \$5, respectively. Second event—Money match. Entrance, 50 cents. In this event a solid gold club emblematic label button with 1905 championship inscription, will also be given. Not more than two scores can be given during the season of five shoots, except by members residing fifty miles or more from San Francisco, who will be allowed to make up four scores. Winner of championship label button forfeits all rights to other pair of cuff buttons offered for the two best scores in the money match.

The scores for this event also classify for a purse of \$20, given by the club at each shoot. Money will be won in succeeding match and divided into four classes, as follows: First class—First money \$6, second money \$2.50. Second class—First money \$4.50, second money \$1.50. Third class—First money \$3, second money \$1. Fourth class—One money \$1.50. Twenty breaks and over will receive a first class; 17 to 19 inclusive, second class; 14 to 16, third class; below 14, fourth class. Entrance free to members. Twenty-five birds. Single and five pair (doubles). Dis- shoot handicaps. Members must enter and shoot in first event in order to classify for this match, which will be a shoot-off for the club. The winner will be divided into four classes, as noted, and given immediately to winner of each class.

Members will be distance handicapped in this event and must shoot from positions allotted by handicapper. Additional prizes will be given in this event as follows: To the member scoring greatest number of breaks in this match during four shoots, a solid gold pair of cuff buttons, club emblematic, will be given. No back scores can be made up in this event. The winner is allowed to make one of the regular club shoots during the season, or if the entire season of five shoots has been completed, the four highest scores only, in this event, shall be counted. The next high gun, under this handicap, will be the winner of the club emblematic of the club. Winner of the championship label button forfeits all rights to other pair of cuff buttons, and should

have highest score in this event, they will become property of members with next highest scores. Second event—Fifty birds offered in this program are open for competition to members only. All shooters are, however, invited to participate for birds only in the club event, joining in side pools and paying for birds at 2 cents each. American association rules will govern all contests not otherwise provided for.

OPEN-TO-ALL EVENTS. First event 11:30 a. m. Special handicap cash prize race—This event is open for competition to all-comers. Conditions as follows: Fifteen birds. Distance handicapped. Entrance, 50 cents. Twenty per cent of entrance money will go in side pool and be divided 40 and 60 per cent. Winner of this match, the prizes offered must be shot for five times, between March 12 and July 9, during season of five shoots. Second event (Sweeney record medal)—This event is open for competition to all-comers and the winner will receive a gold medal emblematic of the club and appropriately inscribed. Conditions as follows: Entrance, 45 cents. Twenty per cent of entrance money will go in side pool, and be divided 60 and 40 per cent. Not more than three back scores can be made up during season of five shoots in this match. The prizes offered must be shot for five times, between March 12 and July 9, during season of five shoots. Third event—This event is open for competition to all-comers and the winner will receive a gold medal emblematic of the club and appropriately inscribed. Conditions as follows: Entrance, 45 cents. Twenty per cent of entrance money will go in side pool, and be divided 60 and 40 per cent. Not more than three back scores can be made up during season of five shoots in this match. The prizes offered must be shot for five times, between March 12 and July 9, during season of five shoots. Fourth event—This event is open for competition to all-comers and the winner will receive a gold medal emblematic of the club and appropriately inscribed. Conditions as follows: Entrance, 45 cents. Twenty per cent of entrance money will go in side pool, and be divided 60 and 40 per cent. Not more than three back scores can be made up during season of five shoots in this match. The prizes offered must be shot for five times, between March 12 and July 9, during season of five shoots.

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Note—American Association rules will govern all contests not otherwise provided for.

BERKELEY ATHLETES IN A TRACK MEET.

BERKELEY, March 6.—Like a never-to-be-forgotten meet that occurred on the same track two years ago, the fate of the Freshman-Sophomore field day of last Saturday was still undecided when the last event, the pole vault, was called. Both teams had rolled up 54 points and it was a matter of doubt which team would get the more points in the yet unfinished vaulting contest that was attracting the attention of all the spectators. But Butler, the man upon whom the freshmen's hope for victory rested, reached up to his usual form, and the nine points of the event all went to the Sophomores, who won the meet by the score of 53 to 54.

The meet was one of the most satisfactory ones held at this early stage of the season. The weather was warm and clear, which fact attracted a considerable crowd. The races were clean and the contests unusually evenly matched. On the whole, the freshmen made a bad showing as a team. Had it not been for the presence of Sperry, the greatest point winner for the second-year men, the Sophomores would not have been able to win the meet. The strength for his team, taking three first places, one second place and tying for a second and third, making in all 20 points. It was very fortunate for the Sophomores that they had a man who could help them so much, for the average of the Freshman team was higher than that of their opponents, minus Sperry.

Of the Freshmen, Gölcher was the strongest man. He took 12 points for his team, winning first place in the 100-yard dash and the 220-yard hurdle race. Healey ran a pretty race for the eighth place in the 220-yard dash, and Byrnes in the 120-yard hurdle race.

McNeely did good work in the 440, but had it not been for the great number of men entered in the event he would have had a no better showing. Friedlander was forging to the front and could he have got through the flock would have made a good bid for the first place. Zacharias had the pole the first time, but the instant he stepped on the bar his strength gave out. Yost ran the half-mile in good shape for his team.

Lundy ran an easy well judged race in the 2-mile. In this race Craig showed a very real sprinting pace, but the home stretch and making a place ahead of several other men. Lippman, who had a muscle torn a short time ago, was entered in the race, but the instant he stepped on the bar his strength gave out. Yost ran the half-mile in good shape for his team. Lundy ran an easy well judged race in the 2-mile. In this race Craig showed a very real sprinting pace, but the home stretch and making a place ahead of several other men. Lippman, who had a muscle torn a short time ago, was entered in the race, but the instant he stepped on the bar his strength gave out. Yost ran the half-mile in good shape for his team.

The standing, up to date, of the teams that are competing in the hand-pole vaulting tournament, held on the Berkeley, is as follows:

1-mile run—De Marnel first; Darling second; J. F. Johnson, third. Time, 5:02 1-5. 100-yard dash—Gölcher first; Healey second; Stanton third. Time 13.2. 120-yard hurdle—Byrnes first; Carter second; Baisair, third. Time, 16.1. 440-yard dash—McNeely first; Friedlander second; Zacharias, third. Time 1:06.1. 2-mile run—Lundy first; Lowell second; Craig third. Time, 10:53. 220-yard hurdles—Gölcher, first; Carter, second; Byrnes, third. Time, 25. 220-yard dash—Healey first; Zacharias second; Stanton, third. Time, 25.2. 880-yard run—Yost, first; Clifford, second; Geater, third. Time 2:9 3-5. Hammer throw—Sperry first; Zoph second; Tuller, third. Distance, 132.5. Shot put—Sperry first; Tuller, second; Zacharias, third. Distance, 41.1. High jump—Sperry first; Zoph second; Herriot, third. Distance, 5.8. Broad jump—Sperry first; Herriot second; Neighbor, third. Distance, 21.2. Pole vault—Schultz, first; Zoph and Sperry tie for second and third places. Total points—Freshmen, 54; Sophomores, 63.

The Syndicate and Bernstein Feathers will tonight on the Sydney. Next Sunday picked team from the Syndicate will bowl with the Vallejo team in the latter city.

A series of three match games for \$10 a side were played at the Oakland Allys yesterday between Miller and Fletcher, and Nelson and McCarthy, the latter winning; the scores were:

McCarthy—104, 117, 109. Nelson—123, 108, 107. Totals—215, 222, 217. Miller—102, 108, 103. Fletcher—100, 110, 100. Totals—202, 218, 203. A return match will be played next Sunday.

High scores in ten pins on the Oakland Allys, were made yesterday as follows:

H. E. Smith—213, 214, 253, 247, 302, 268, 269, 243, 201, 221, 214, 221, 266, 203, 211, 200, 209, 212, 226, 243, 235, 236. F. Kuhnle, 211; W. Kuhnle, 233; Fletcher, 225.

Watches FROM \$10.00 UP \$1.00 DOWN \$1.00 PER WEEK This advertisement will be accepted for one-half of the first payment on a watch, and the balance in weekly payments, with 10 cents, will be accepted for each watch. The weekly payment until the watch is paid for. By using these advertisements, you can buy a watch on the OAKLAND TRIBUNE, you can buy a watch on easy payments, for less than CASH.

McMAHON No Discount for Cash—No Increase for Credit. 275 BACON BLOCK, OAKLAND. 275 B. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES. 206 EMMA SPRECKLES BUILDING, S. F. Everywhere All Over California.

Money Loaned ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, HIGH PRICES PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. OAKLAND JEWELRY CO. 1016 WASHINGTON ST.

in on the home stretch with a spurt that was a surprisingly good effort. The first meet of Saturday was a good indication of the result that can be expected in the annual interclass that comes off next Saturday. The freshmen will undoubtedly have a good show in all the races and the Sophomores will be in the lead in the field events.

Zacharias captained the sophomore team and Yost the freshman team. "I am most that satisfied with the result of the field day. The showing made was excellent and more than the mere result was the spirit back of the whole team. It was something of the true California spirit that the races were held, for with it we can beat Stanford, and lacking it, well, we will not talk of it, so I will not say what might be. It is the duty of every athlete to train consistently and fight hard all the season. The start made Saturday was commendable."

Trainer Walter Christie says: "The result of Saturday's meet was very satisfactory to me. The men are gradually improving. If the warm weather continues the improvement will be more rapid. The men will get into better shape as the weather grows warmer. Some of the races were over-crowded, and so the men who did not get a place need not feel discouraged. Stay at it, boys, and you will come out all right."

SUMMARY. 1-mile run—De Marnel first; Darling second; J. F. Johnson, third. Time, 5:02 1-5. 100-yard dash—Gölcher first; Healey second; Stanton third. Time 13.2. 120-yard hurdle—Byrnes first; Carter second; Baisair, third. Time, 16.1. 440-yard dash—McNeely first; Friedlander second; Zacharias, third. Time 1:06.1. 2-mile run—Lundy first; Lowell second; Craig third. Time, 10:53. 220-yard hurdles—Gölcher, first; Carter, second; Byrnes, third. Time, 25. 220-yard dash—Healey first; Zacharias second; Stanton, third. Time, 25.2. 880-yard run—Yost, first; Clifford, second; Geater, third. Time 2:9 3-5. Hammer throw—Sperry first; Zoph second; Tuller, third. Distance, 132.5. Shot put—Sperry first; Tuller, second; Zacharias, third. Distance, 41.1. High jump—Sperry first; Zoph second; Herriot, third. Distance, 5.8. Broad jump—Sperry first; Herriot second; Neighbor, third. Distance, 21.2. Pole vault—Schultz, first; Zoph and Sperry tie for second and third places. Total points—Freshmen, 54; Sophomores, 63.

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YOUNG MAN DROWNED IN THE ESTUARY.

Alfred O'Brien, a Local Plumber
Loses His Life in Creek
Off Alameda

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City of Paris Dry Goods Company

Geary and Stockton, Streets, Union Square
SAN FRANCISCO.

—SPRING 1905—

Ladies' Outerwear

A GRACEFUL, UNIQUE AND SNAPPY SELECTION, EM-
BRACING AN ADMIRABLE COLLECTION OF MOST DESIRABLE
GARMENTS IN THE FASHIONABLE FABRICS.

Man-Tailored Ladies' Suits

In mohair, cloth, cheviot, and Panama cloth.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits

Of silk, mohair and Panama cloth.

Ladies' Street and Evening Coats

Cravenette, Raglan and Covert Cloth Jackets

Dress and Walking Suits

Special Values

Ladies' Walking Skirts

New plaited style of black and blue, mohair ordered
to sell at a bargain for..... \$5.00

Ladies' Walking Skirts

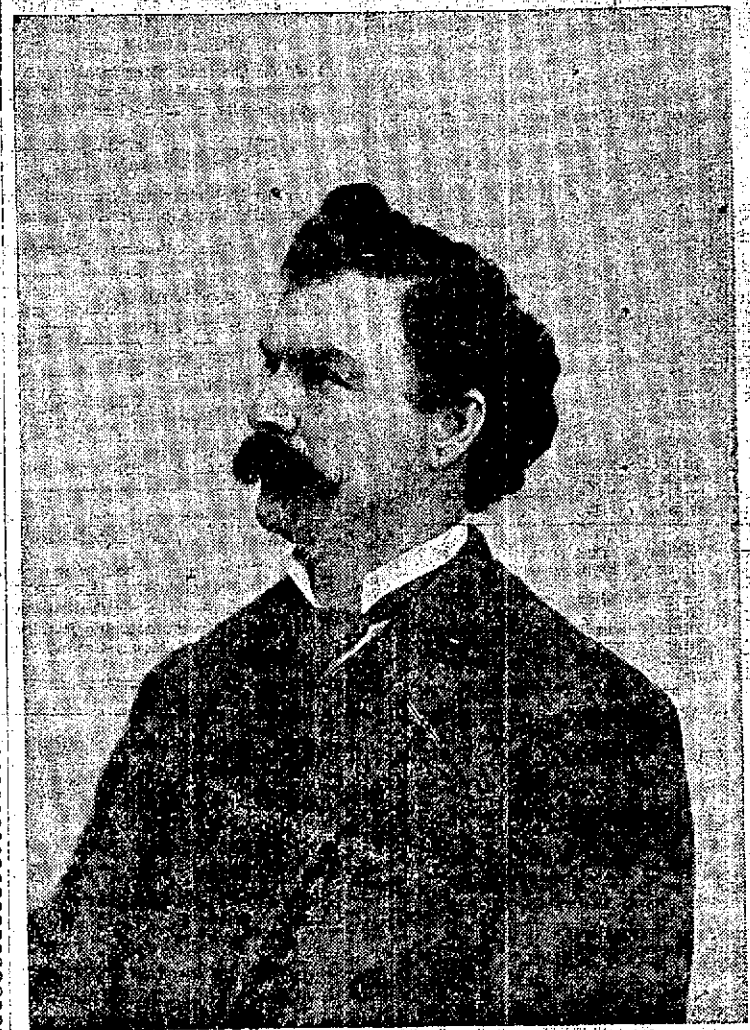
Made of fancy mohair, in blue, brown and green
mixtures; also in black Panama cloth; plaited styles. \$8.50

CITY OF PARIS DRY GOODS COMPANY

Geary and Stockton, Streets, Union Square,
SAN FRANCISCO.

JOHN L. DAVIE ANNOUNCES HIS PLATFORM

Independent Candidate for Mayor
Issues an Address Outlining the
Policy He Will Pursue.



JOHN L. DAVIE.

John L. Davie, independent candi-
date for Mayor, has issued the follow-
ing:

Address to the citizens of Oakland:
In announcing my candidacy for the
office of Mayor, I deem it due to the
people that I should publicly declare,
before seeking their suffrages, the
principles and policies which shall
govern my administration. In case I
am chosen as their Chief Executive at
the coming election.

1st—I am an independent candidate
for the office, and, therefore, under no
obligation of subservience to any
political party, combination, or boss;
but, as God gives me the wisdom, act
in the interests of the whole people—
without fear or favor or hope of reward,
except that accorded to a servant for
services faithfully performed.

WILL STAY IN HIS OFFICE.

2nd—"I hold these truths to be self-
evident." That the city of Oakland,
from every natural point of view, is
the most admirably located of any city
on the continent, and her climate
conditions are unsurpassed by any
city on earth. It is also a self-evident
truth that she is entitled to all the
benefits to be derived from an active,
efficient, and economical administration
of the laws; that those in charge
of her municipal affairs should devote
their entire time and their whole en-
ergies in building up the city; and make
her what Nature ordained she should be,
one of the beauty spots of the earth.

If elected, I promise the voters and
people of this city to devote my whole
time to their service and make every
dollar spent count 100 cents in pro-
moting and upbuilding the municipali-
ty of Oakland.

FAVORS ECONOMY AND IM- PROVEMENT.

3rd—I am not in favor of parsimony
in either public or private affairs; but
in public, as well as in private life,
frugal economy and rigid honesty
should be the watchword. This is es-
pecially true and should govern every
public servant entrusted with the dis-
tribution of public funds, which are
too often regarded as a "city of offi-
cial prey to be dealt out to the spoils-
man, who have promoted the election of
their friends to office and by the
means seek to control their actions
when elevated to power or place.

This sort of favoritism will find no
lodgment in the Mayor's office. If the
writer hereof is placed at the helm, I
also declare that during my term of
service, the rate of taxation shall not
exceed the \$1.00 limit, with which tax
economically disbursed, every interest
in the city would be protected, and
her material development advanced, in
a greater degree than has character-
ized the administration of her affairs
for the past nine years.

FOR PARKS AND GOOD STREETS.

4th—The streets of Oakland are now
in such a dilapidated condition as to
be a menace to human life and a dis-
grace to a city of even the fifth class.
Instead of one which is second in the

State both in point of wealth and ma-
terial resources. My first attention,
if elected, will be devoted to remedy-
ing this evil, which can be accomplish-
ed only by well-directed and persist-
ent effort; which I gave to the subject
during my former administration.

FAVORS MUNICIPAL WATER WORKS BUT OPPOSES GRAFT- ING SCHEMES.

Fifth—I am in favor of the municipal
ownership of water and all other public
utilities, when the same can be acquired
at a fair price; but am opposed to any
schemes or grafts by which this city
would be plunged into a maze of bonded
indebtedness, and therefore denounce the
so-called Bay Cities water bonds as an
attempt to saddle the city with a debt of
six millions of dollars, which would par-
alyze our industries for the next fifty
years.

It would drive capital and investors
from Oakland as certain and effectually
as though we were attacked by an epi-
demic of Asiatic cholera. Our taxes are
already too high and, if we desire to build
up the city, we must reduce instead of
increase this burden. Let us first turn
our attention to increasing our taxable prop-
erty by inducing investors to buy prop-
erty and settle here, and we can then se-
cure water and other public utilities,
without laying any embargo upon the
city's growth.

POINTS TO FORMER RECORD.

Sixth—I beg leave to call the attention
of the voters to the following statement
of facts and figures which are taken from
the report of the City Auditor of Oakland,
and which should be in the hands of every
voter of this city.

My administration, in 1895 and 1896 cost
the city \$1,803,755.82.
My immediate successor, W. R. Thom-
as, ran up the scale to \$1,412,475.81, of
\$387,271.89 in excess of my figures.
Thomas was succeeded by R. W. Snow,
whose figures foot up \$1,797,151, leaving a
balance in his administration in favor of
Oakland in the sum of \$193,397.71.
Then Anton Barstow took the helm and
the city paid, during his stewardship
\$1,893,960. As compared with my efforts,
he was shy \$238,996.75.

PROMISES TO STAY WITHIN THE DOLLAR LIMIT.

This brings us to the present incumb-
ent, who distances all of his predecessors
to the tune of \$2,082,373; in excess of
my expenditures \$478,626.16.

I will here add that my administration
was run on the \$1.00 limit for the first
year, which was raised by the City Coun-
cil to \$1.10 the second year against my
vote; but my administration was even
then \$294,160.60 less than my immediate
predecessor.

If elected, I will reduce the present
levy of \$1.26 to \$1.00, which is ample,
if properly expended, to conduct the affairs
of this city. I will also, as I did during
my last term, devote my whole time to
the city's affairs in improving her streets,
parks and school houses, which have all
been sadly overlooked for the last nine
years. Very respectfully,

JOHN L. DAVIE.

DR. FAHRNEY DEAD.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Dr. Peter
Fahrney is dead at his home here of
heart disease. His last business
transaction was the deed to the
Dunkard Church of Hagerstown, Md.,
with which organization he had been
identified for 300 acres of land at San
Mateo, the family homestead, ten miles
from Hagerstown, for the erection of
an old people's home.

Dr. Fahrney was 65 years old and

NAGGING PAINS

Newport News, Va., July 22, 1903.
Last summer while recovering from ill-
ness of fever, I had a severe attack of
Inflammatory Rheumatism in the knees,
from which I was unable to leave my
room for several months. I was treated
by two doctors and also tried different
kinds of liniments and medicines which
seemed to relieve me from pain for
awhile, but at the same time I was not
any nearer getting well. One day while
reading a paper I saw an advertisement
of S. S. S. for Rheumatism. I decided
to give it a trial, which I did at once.
After I had taken three bottles I felt a
great deal better, and I still continued
to take it regularly until I was entirely
cured. I now feel better than for years,
and I cheerfully recommend S. S. S. to
any one suffering from Rheumatism.
613 3rd St. CHAS. E. GILBERTSLEWE.

Rheumatism is caused by uric acid or
some other acid poison in the blood,
which when deposited in the muscles
and joints, produce the sharp, cutting
pains, and the stiffness and soreness pec-
uliar to this disease. S. S. S. di-
rectly into the circulation, all irritat-
ing substances are neutralized and fil-
tered out of the system, the blood is
made pure and the general health is
built up under the purifying and tonic
effects of the vege-
table remedy.

Write for our
special book on Rheu-
matism which is
sent free. Our phy-
sicians will advise
without charge all
who will write us
about their case.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

had accumulated a fortune estimated
at more than \$1,000,000.

Dying of Famine
Is, in its torments, like dying of con-
sumption. The progress of consumption,
from the beginning to the very end, is a
long torture, both to victim and friends.
"When I had consumption in its first
stage," writes William Moore of Coar-
dell, "after trying different medicines
and a good doctor in vain, I at last took
Dr. King's New Discovery, which quickly
and perfectly cured my cough, colds, sore
throat, bronchitis, etc. Positively pre-
vents pneumonia. Guaranteed as a
"cure" for all lung troubles. Sold every-
where and Twelfth and Washington streets,
price 50c and \$1.00 a bottle. Trial bottle
free.

My friend, look here! you know how
weak and nervous your wife is, and you
know that Carter's Iron Pills will relieve
her, now why not be fair about it and
buy her a box?

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Hooper*

Positively No Store Only.

No branch. Go direct to corner 11th
and Franklin streets. H. Schellhaas' Fur-
niture Store.

"My Cake Is Dough."
Did not use Sperry's Flour.

COTTAGE WAFFLE RESTAURANT

Newly enlarged and improved, under
new management. Prompt, clean, cour-
teous service. Banquet hall, a special
feature. Ladies shopping will find this an ideal
place for luncheon.

MRS. J. P. MARTINA, Prop.
473 Tenth St., near Washington.

MONEY.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
We will lend it to you, provided you
own approved city or town property that
you will pledge as security.

HOW MUCH YOU CAN GET.
We will lend you half the appraised
value of such property, or maybe a little
more.

HOW YOU CAN PAY IT BACK.
You can repay the loan in easy monthly
installments, or in some other way which
will be materially agreeable.

WE AID TO BUILD HOMES.
If money is desired for the purpose of
building a home, it is advanced in the
following manner: One quarter of amount
borrowed when house is up and under
roof, another quarter when first coat of
plastering is on, third quarter when
house is finished and accepted, and the
balance in thirty-five days after accept-
ance.

Enclose with the application one dollar
for each one hundred dollars applied for,
as a guarantee of good faith. If loan is
rejected, money will be returned, less ap-
plication fee, usually \$2.50.
Write for application blank to Con-
tinental Building Loan Association, Es-
tablished in 1892, 201 California Street,
Dr. Washington Dodge, president; Wil-
liam Corbin, secretary and general man-
ager. Phone Main 1844, San Francisco,
Cal.
The largest corporation of the kind in the
United States.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine
SAFE, ALTERNATIVE, PAIN-RELIEVING
FOR CHICKEN-POX, SCALDS, BURNS,
AND ALL SKIN AFFECTIONS. Takes without
Dangerous Substitution and Immi-
diate Relief. For your Druggist, or send for
free trial. For full particulars, send for
free trial. "Bottle for Ladies" is later by re-
turning this paper. CHICKEN-POX PILLS, 10c
Bottle. Send this paper, 10c Bottle. Send this paper, 10c Bottle.

BAY CITY IRON WORKS

MILLWRIGHTS ENGINEERS
MACHINISTS

Third and Washington Streets
Oakland, Cal.

Stationary and Portable Engines and
Boilers.

Planer and Paper Knife Grinding
Iron and Brass Castings.
Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Etc.
Building and Lacing
F. I. MATTHEWS, Prop.

AL. WOOD & BRO.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS.
966 BROADWAY

Between 9th and 10th Sts., Oakland
Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Wau
Paper and Window Shades.

The Oakland Bank of Savings

Safe Deposit Department

Individual Steel Safes to Rent \$4 per Annum

OFFICERS
Isaac L. Requa President
Henry Rogers Vice President
W. W. Garthwaite Cashier
J. T. Eccleston Asst. Cashier
BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Isaac L. Requa James Moffitt
Wm. B. Dunning Henry Rogers
E. A. Haines G. H. Collins
Horace Davis A. Berland
W. W. Garthwaite

Capital and Reserve Paid up \$ 1,003,891.61

Deposits January 1, 1905 11,191,268.41

Interest Paid on Savings Deposits

Regular Republican Municipal Ticket

ELECTION, MARCH 13, 1905

MAYOR.....FRANK K. MOTT
CITY ATTORNEY.....ABE P. LEACH
CITY ENGINEER.....FRED C. TURNER
AUDITOR.....ARTHUR H. BREED
CITY TREASURER.....CHARLES D. BATES JR.
COUNCILMAN - AT-LARGE.....H. T. BURN
COUNCILMAN - AT-LARGE.....EDWIN NEESE
COUNCILMAN - AT-LARGE.....EUGENE THURSTON
COUNCILMAN - AT-LARGE.....G. E. AITKEN
COUNCILMAN, FIRST WARD.....ALEX. MCADAM
COUNCILMAN, SECOND WARD.....A. E. ELLIOT
COUNCILMAN, THIRD WARD.....GEORGE FITZGERALD
COUNCILMAN, FOURTH WARD.....E. C. HAHN
COUNCILMAN, FIFTH WARD.....S. H. PENDELTON
COUNCILMAN, SIXTH WARD.....W. J. BACCHUS
COUNCILMAN, SEVENTH WARD.....W. A. DONALDSON
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - AT-LARGE.....C. H. REDINGTON
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - AT-LARGE.....F. M. TAYLOR
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - AT-LARGE.....C. L. INGLER
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, FIRST WARD.....DR. J. B. WOOD
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, SECOND WARD.....F. C. CLIFT
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, THIRD WARD.....DE. A. H. PRATT
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, FOURTH WARD.....E. E. CRANDALL
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, FIFTH WARD.....JOHN D. ISAACS
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, SIXTH WARD.....C. D. ROGERS
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, SEVENTH WARD.....W. J. WILCOX
LIBRARY TRUSTEE.....E. R. ELIASSEN
LIBRARY TRUSTEE.....WALLACE ALEXANDER
LIBRARY TRUSTEE.....W. C. GORRILL
LIBRARY TRUSTEE.....J. A. MORROW
LIBRARY TRUSTEE.....H. P. CARLTON

CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE

EDW. T. PLAMER, Secretary F. W. BILDER, Chairman
Headquarters, Rooms 28 and 29, 1115 Broadway, Oakland.

MEN MAY LIVE AND BE USEFUL FOR 150 YEARS!

So Declares Chicago Physician

CHICAGO, March 6.—Man may live
happily and usefully for 150 years, ac-
cording to Dr. L. Man Beecher Sperry,
of Oberlin, Ohio, who has expressed
this belief in an address delivered be-
fore the Young Men's Christian Associa-
tion of Chicago.
"After a third of a century of scienti-
fic study such is the conclusion," said
Dr. Sperry. "The destructive forces
which bring about the present low av-
erage of longevity are manifold, but I
believe it is possible to enjoy good
health and activity up to a century and
a half by proper understanding of the
human possibilities and the exercise of
this knowledge."
Dr. Sperry's topic was the "Science

of Living," his main object, apparently
being to point out the influences which
retard longevity, with stress on the
theory that immorality has a direct
bearing on the physical being.

Climatic conditions, according to Dr.
Sperry, have been reduced to statis-
tics, proving beyond doubt that both
torrid and frigid atmosphere tend to
shorten existence.

The longevity worth mentioning, it
was claimed, existed in the temperate
zone.
In relation to the destructive force
of evil habits Dr. Sperry spoke at
length, and his scathing treatment of
drink, tobacco and opium was said to
be derived from personal association
with victims.

Sensational Exposure of Woman Medium

She Weighs 300 Pounds and Fought Like
a Tigress When Methods
Were Shown Up.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Calvert Ber-
wick, a native of Virginia, has caused a
sensational exposure of a "materializing
medium" in the latter's Lexington avenue
apartment. In the midst of a seance, in
a crowded room, the medium, a woman
weighing 300 pounds, was dragged shriek-
ing from her cabinet and tossed into the
center of the circle of dupes.
She fought like a trapped tigress. Fur-
niture was smashed, men knocked down
and glass broken before the woman and
her husband were finally subdued. Then
three gas jets were lighted and the
medium was found gasping in the center
of the room, clad in a mass of gauze,
coated with phosphorescent paint. Hat,
her spiritual garb and her head-piece
were in the possession of Berwick.
According to the Virginia, his mother,
a resident of this city, has lost thou-
sands of dollars in investments made
through the advice of the spirits, and
Berwick stated that he intended to prose-
cute criminally and civilly, the mediums
responsible for the loss.

The exposure was one of the most sen-
sational and complete ever made in this
city. Berwick's cousin, Harrison Grim-
ley, was with him at the seance and
struck a light while the fight was going
on. In the cabinet immediately half a
dozen or more confederates attacked the
two interlopers.
They were pelted in quick succession,
and after great effort the woman was
dragged into the light. About her hung
a mass of cheap cheese cloth liberally
smeared with the phosphorescent paint,
while a remarkable looking head-piece
had been torn away by Berwick. It was
found to consist of the top of an old felt
hat with the brim cut off, around which
had been wound yards of the cheese
cloth, a piece of old silk had been cut
and sewed to form a mask for the face.
This was just transparent enough to give
the outline of the features beneath.
A thinking music box which had been
wound up just before, played "Pease
Abide With Thee" during the fight.

ACCUSES CHURCH AND ROCKEFELLER

Fred W. Lock, a young man who con-
fessed to having defaced several churches,
by stating in writing that Rockefeller, the
Baptists and the Masons were conspiring
against his happiness and peace of
mind, was found guilty of ob-
structing the street. He was arrested ten
days ago by Policeman Boyle in East
Oakland. He was talking to the people as

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Stops the COUGH and Heals the LUNGS CONTAINS NO OPIATE

Sold and Recommended by OSGOOD BROS.,
Seventh and Broadway Twelfth and Washington

I am going East by the California Limited



"California Limited"

Finest of transcontinental trains, leaves Oakland daily at 9:30 A.
M., leaves Berkeley daily at 9:35 A. M., through to Chicago in
three days.

The only line under one management from Oakland to Chicago—
"Santa Fe all the way."

WALL PAPER

OF LATEST DESIGN
JUST ARRIVED FROM THE EAST
L. N. COBBLEDECK & BROS. INC.
401 TWELFTH STREET
FRESHCOING, PAPERING, TINTING AND ALL INTERIOR DEC-
ORATIONS

LEATHER GOODS STAMPED

Tribune Office

Monday, March 6th

TAFT & PENNOYER

Butterick Patterns

Centemeri Gloves

Shoe Department

We are showing the latest ideas in oxfords in all the new leathers for women, misses' and children.

We have an extensive line of Russia calf and Vici kid in ecru, brown and light shades of tan with welt extension and turn soles—at..... **\$3.50**

Misses' and children's oxfords in white and dark canvas, brown kid and tan Russian calf with medium, light and welt extension soles, as follows—

Sizes 5 to 8—from..... **\$1.00 to \$1.50**

Sizes 8½ to 11—from..... **\$1.25 to \$2.00**

Sizes 11½ to 2—from..... **\$1.50 to \$2.00**

Women's canvas oxfords in black and white, white mercerized, tan and ecru, with turn and extension soles with wood, Cuban and low heel—from..... **\$1.50 to \$2.00**

China Department

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS of 33 1-3 per cent on odds and ends and broken lines of cups and saucers. These comprise teas, coffees, chocolates, black coffee and bouillions in choice and select designs of Limoges, Haviland, English Coalport, Royal Doulton and other fine chinmas.

POINTON ENGLISH CHINA TEAS—were 50c..... **35c**

ROYAL DOULTON TEAS—were 60c..... **40c**

ROYAL AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES—were 75c..... **50c**

HAVILAND CHINA BOUILLIONS—were 75c..... **50c**

DRESDEN CHINA TEAS—were \$1.50..... **\$1.00**

LIMOGES CHINA TEAS—hand decorated—were \$1.75..... **\$1.20**

LIMOGES CHINA COFFEES—large size—were \$2.25..... **\$1.50**

TAFT & PENNOYER

Broadway

Fourteenth

ANNUAL LENTEN SERVICES IN ST. ANTHONY'S

Rev. Father Yorke Will Give a Series of Interesting Lectures.

The annual Lenten Conference will be given in St. Anthony's Church, East Oakland, by the Rev. P. C. Yorke. This year the lectures will be on the History of the Church and will be delivered on Wednesday and Sunday evenings during Lent. The first lecture will begin at 7:30 and will consist of the office of Compline sung after the Gregorian manner recommended by the present Pope. The first choir is composed of men and boys and the second choir of the girls attending the Sisters Academy. In his discourse Father Yorke will take up the principal features of the History of the Church from the days of the Apostles to the close of the nineteenth century. The opening conference on Ash Wednesday will be on 'The Value of Church History' not only in the intellectual sphere but also in the domain of Christian experience. His main thesis is that formulated by the great Fenelon 'That man is profoundly ignorant of the nature of religion who does not perceive that it is all historical.' The following lectures fall into three groups. The first deals with the church in the Roman Empire its foundation, its struggles and its triumph. It comprises three lectures Sunday March 12, 'The Church of the Apostles,' Wednesday, March 15, 'The Church of the Martyrs,' Sunday, March 19, 'The Church of the Fathers.' The second group deals with the relations of the Church to the barbarian tribes that occupied the ancient Roman territory in Europe and the peculiar civil

REV. A. MITCHELL IS BURIED

MANY HONOR MEMORY OF DECEASED—LARGE FUNERAL SERVICES.

With impressive but quiet services the late Rev. Andrew Mitchell was laid to rest yesterday afternoon in Mountain View Cemetery. The funeral took place from the residence of Mrs. Raymond, a daughter of the deceased 665 Sixteenth street and was conducted by J. McIntyre and D. Cameron members of the brethren, with which Mr. Mitchell was affiliated. Mr. Cameron conducted the service at the house and spoke eloquently of Mr. Mitchell's life and of their years of association. His last message, said Mr. Cameron, was 'He doeth all things well. He suffered for me, I shall see the King in his glory.' For his sister in far away Scotland, he left his message 'Tell her I die a happy death.' The hymn 'Sleep on, Beloved,' was sung, before all that was earthly of Mr. Mitchell was taken to its last resting place. At the grave short services were held by J. McIntyre and D. Cameron. The funeral was largely attended. The pall bearers were J. Jensen, D. Jones, W. Roberts, F. Hill, G. McDonald and Mr. Hope.

FLORAL OFFERINGS. The following floral offerings were received. From the employees of the Gardner-Mitchell Company and Mr. Gardner, a beautiful design representing the Gates of Aler. Three pillows from the children and grandchildren of the deceased. Sprays of carnations, roses and violets from A. E. Reed, Oakland Lodge No. 171, B. P. O. Elks, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. M. Page, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Leiter, Mrs. M. Brown, Mrs. Geo. N. Andrews, the Kings Daughters, First Presbyterian Church, Presbyterian Chinese Quartet, Mr. and Mrs. D. Jones, Mrs. B. K. Allen and Mrs. G. A. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Furniss, Mrs. L. M. Furniss, Mr. and Mrs. C. Gibbons, Mrs. Paul and Miss McGregor, Mrs. East and daughters Mrs. R. B. Beach, Miss Beach. Wreaths from Mrs. I. W. Tindal, W. S. Dargie and ladies of the Fourth Congregational Church.

Now, Johnny, bawled Mrs. Fox, 'I want you to go skating this afternoon. Remember the doctor's orders that you must take exercise.' And as she noted Johnny hiding his skates under the woodshed a few moments later, Mrs. Fox thus remarked to a friend, Mrs. Runnabout, 'That's the only way to keep 'em off this dangerous ice.'

By special request the Oake Baking School will continue until further notice.



We will teach you the art of baking beautiful cakes absolutely free.

SALINGER'S SECOND GRAND PURE FOOD DEMONSTRATION

... IS NOW ON ...

Embracing the varieties of edibles constantly kept in our Grocery Department, the products from the leading producers in the world. PURE FOOD PROMOTES HAPPINESS AND PRESERVES THE HEALTH, and SALINGER'S guarantee at all times none but the best and purest of Food Products—full weight and measure and positively the lowest prices, saving our customers daily on the necessities of life from 10 to 30 per cent.

THE PURE FOOD SHOW

Held on the main floor in attractive decorated booths, especially constructed for this occasion. Hundreds of good things to eat demonstrated by Expert and Experienced Demonstrators, who will plainly and interestingly show the merits of high-class Estates and the proper preparation of Foods.

Free Samples of Everything on Display

highly Entertaining, Instructive and Interesting Exhibit that every Housewife in Alameda county should attend. Consider this a personal invitation for you to call and sample the choice things that this demonstration brings out.

The following demonstrations will be ready, others will follow, mention thereof later.

FAIRY FLOSS CANDY	SNYDER'S OYSTER COCKTAIL SAUCE	ISLETON CONCENTRATED CREAM	SPANISH AMERICAN FOOD CO.
CRACKER JACK	DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT	A1 FLOUR—BEST ON EARTH	PURE CALIFORNIA FRUITS
SALINGER'S SELECTED BLEND M. & J. COFFEE	SALINGER'S SELECTED BLEND CEYLON, OOLONG AND JAPAN TEA	GRANDMA'S SPANISH PEPPER	GORDON'S CELEBRATED SYRUPS
BALDWIN'S HEALTH TABLETS	LOWNEY'S COCOA AND CHOCOLATES	Many others whose exhibit will be ready within a day or day or two. Announcement later.	
NUTRO MUSH SUN MILLING CO.			

GRAND BABY DAY

Bring in your baby any day this year and we will make it a present of a BEAUTIFUL GOLD RING ABSOLUTELY FREE. We invite you to COME TO OUR STORE. No purchase is required if your child is under one year old. This is a Fine Gold Ring, made especially for use by a large manufacturing jewelry firm, whose goods we shall always carry in stock. Thousands of Money-Saving Specials throughout every department. THE HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

VOLUNTEERS IN AIRSHIP

TWO YOUNG MEN MAKE A TRIP IN HEATON'S INVENTION.

The 'California Messenger,' George E. Heaton's airship, did not make a trip to San Jose yesterday as was proposed, because the arrangements to take care of the aerial monster at that place could not be completed in time. Instead another demonstration was given at Idora Park which developed a number of facts that will be of great time and then, turning around, began

value in perfecting the California Messenger as a flying machine. These facts are in connection with the motor, which still has the unfortunate habit of stopping in midair when its action and impelling power are especially essential. The demonstrations yesterday were made by two young men, Lincoln Beachey and David Wilkie, both members of the Pacific Motor Cycle Club, who volunteered to ascend in the California Messenger. Heaton, the inventor, remained on the ground and directed the general course. After acquainting himself somewhat with the working of the motor, Beachey ascended to some height and steered the Messenger about the league baseball grounds. The day seemed specially promising for a successful demonstration, and, after several preliminary trials, feeling perfectly assured in the management of the airship, Beachey cut entirely loose and headed the Messenger toward the Berkeley hills. Beachey ascended to a height of 1,000 feet, held the nose of the Messenger steadily toward the hills for some a number of facts that will be of great time and then, turning around, began

to retrace his course toward the park when the motor suddenly stopped. The plucky aeronaut attempted to start the motor in midair, but once the propelling force had ceased the Messenger sank rapidly to the ground. David Wilkie, who lives at 125 Laurel street, was the next to make an ascension. He is much lighter than Beachey, and even though the Messenger had lost considerable gas Wilkie made a very fine showing in circling about the ball grounds. After some maneuvering the motor again stopped and the demonstrations for the day were ended. 'If that motor would keep on running there would be nothing to the trick at all,' declared Beachey after his flight. 'The propeller shoves the ship right into air and keeps it going. The rudder controls the direction of its flight perfectly.' Heaton declared the motor loses its compression because of a leak in the valve, which causes the motor to stop after it has run for a time. By reminding that defect the prospect of a long flight seems a simple matter. 'I shall make a trip to San Jose the latter part of this week or possibly next Sunday,' said Heaton today.

\$1,000.00 IN VALUABLE PREMIUMS

To Be Given Away Absolutely FREE to OUR WANT AD Patrons

All WANT ADVERTISERS are entitled to participate in the contest for the following list of magnificent premiums which will be distributed March 17, 1905. Coupons will be given with Want Ads inserted in the Want Columns of the TRIBUNE. One coupon for each ad. If the ad is inserted for more than one time additional coupons will be given.

In advertising in the WANT COLUMNS of the OAKLAND TRIBUNE bear in mind:—
First—The TRIBUNE is the WANT AD medium of Alameda county.
Second—WANT ADVERTISERS reach the greatest number of readers through the OAKLAND TRIBUNE.
Third—The TRIBUNE is the only Associated Press daily in Alameda county.
Fourth—That WANT ADVERTISERS get quick returns from the WANT COLUMNS of the TRIBUNE.
Fifth—That the WANT AD rate is but ONE CENT A WORD first insertion, ONE-HALF CENT A WORD each subsequent consecutive insertion.

READ THE FOLLOWING LIST OF VALUABLE PREMIUMS

ONE BEAUTIFUL CORNER BUILDING LOT IN BAY VIEW PARK—A Suburb of Oakland, near San Pablo Avenue, Stage Station and Schmidt Station; on S. P. and Santa Fe Railways (Suburban Realty Co.) Title Guaranteed. Value \$285.00

THE LATEST IMPROVED DROP HEAD 5-DRAWER DAVIS SEWING MACHINE (WALTER MEESE) VALUE	60.00	ONE LARGE WATER COLOR FRAMED (STILL LIFE BY GERHART) VALUE	40.00	FOUR PAIRS MEN'S WM. L. DOUGLAS SHOES; VALUE	14.00	FOUR HANDSOME HAND PAINTED WATER COLOR PAINTINGS; VALUE	60.00
ONE ELEGANT LARGE SPECIAL MADE SLATLESS TRAVELING TRUNK (OAKLAND TRUNK MFG) VALUE	50.00	GENTLEMAN'S ELEGANT HUNTING CASE, GOLD FILLED ELGIN MOVEMENT, WATCH (R. WICKMANN) VALUE	25.00	SIX PAIRS SCHNEIDER'S GOOD SHOES FOR MEN; VALUE	21.00	SIX FINE HAND PAINTED CHINA PIN TRAYS; VALUE	16.00
TWO LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS AYERS' BUSINESS COLLEGE, SAN FRANCISCO; VALUE	120.00	ONE LADIES' FINE PATTERN HAT (RONAYNE'S) MILLINERY) VALUE	25.00	TEN PAIRS SCHNEIDER'S FINE SHOES FOR WOMEN; VALUE	35.00	SIX HAND PAINTED CHINA NOVELTIES, CUPS, SAUCERS, ETC. (CAL. STUDIO OF ART) VALUE	25.00
ONE LADIES' GOLD FILLED 20-YEAR GUARANTEE ELGIN OR WALTHAM, WITH 14-KARAT FILLED CHAIN, SOLID GOLD SLIDE WITH DIAMOND CHIP (B. COHEN, MFG JEWELER) VALUE	40.00	TWO HAND PAINTED STEINS (CAL. STUDIO OF ART, HUBERT) VALUE	30.00	EIGHT DOZEN FINEST PLATINUM PHOTOGRAPHS, LATEST FINISH, BOOKLET FORM, ANY STYLE, DOZEN EACH (DORSEY) VALUE	64.00	ONE BEAUTIFUL EASTMAN KODAK (TRAVERS & MULLER) VALUE	25.00
		ONE SOLE LEATHER, SATIN LINED SUIT CASE (OAKLAND TRUNK MFG) VALUE	15.00	SIX ELEGANT HAND PAINTED CHINA DINNER PLATES (CAL. STUDIO OF ART, DORSEY) VALUE	30.00	20 POUND BOXES FINEST FRENCH BONBONS AND CHOCOLATES (ROBERT REGENT CANDY SHOP) VALUE	20.00

NINETY-ONE PREMIUMS IN ALL

VALUE \$1,000.00

REAL ESTATE BROKERS ISSUE AN ADDRESS AGAINST BONDS.

They Say the Bay Cities Scheme Will Involve the City in Disaster By Increasing Taxes and Driving Capital Away—Plant Will Not Pay.

The leading real estate firms in Oakland have joined in issuing the following address setting forth their reasons for opposing the proposed water bond issue.

"The question whether or not the city should bond itself for about \$6,000,000 to acquire a municipal water supply is one of the utmost importance. It affects all classes of the community, owners of real estate, improved or unimproved, owners of personal property, tenants who own no property, all the borrowing and lending classes, indeed, everybody within our corporate limits. It not only affects all these directly, but indirectly, as it may affect the future prosperity and welfare of the city it is of the utmost consequence to their interests.

"The undersigned are real estate dealers. As such and as a part of their business, they are familiar with the value of properties they are in constant touch and communication with the borrowing and the lending classes, and they understand, as it is their business to understand, the effect, favorable or unfavorable, which any plan involving the city of Oakland, as this proposes to do, may have upon the future of the municipality.

"We here declare to our fellow-citizens that the effect of this bond proposition, if carried, upon them and upon our community, will be absolutely disastrous.

1.—THE AMOUNT OF WATER.

"It is said that Oakland will receive a supply from the Bay Cities' source of 20,000,000 gallons per day, but, clearing away all legal difficulties and all engineering features, no one pretends, not even the engineers nor the Bay Cities Company itself, to guarantee that any such supply can be obtained. It is conceded that the data as to rainfall upon the area of the watershed is wholly incomplete and almost totally lacking. The report of the engineers recently employed was admittedly hurriedly made. Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald, an engineer of high standing to whom this city paid \$2500 for his services in this very matter, stated that there was not sufficient available data to justify assumption that there would be sufficient water, and condemned it as to quality of water, and as to structural features of the work. Mr. Fitzgerald, in his report, stated that a proper examination of a question so vital to the city would require months of time. It is admitted that the engineers spent four days upon the watershed.

II.—QUALITY OF WATER.

"Mr. Fitzgerald declared that he could not approve of the quality of the water which might be delivered from this source. No answer that we have ever seen has been made to this, giving a statement by Mr. Beale of the Bay Cities Company to the effect that the same objection would apply to new water from whatever source the city proposed to obtain it.

III.—LEGAL OBJECTIONS.

"There is no one that will not say that the business-like method of procedure in a case like this would be for the seller to prove what he has, to make an offer of property with merchantable title, and then call upon the buyers to say whether or not they are willing to pay for it the price asked. In this case the remarkable request is made of our citizens that they shall vote all of these bonds, and after voting them a contract shall be drawn up between the parties. Everybody knows that fierce and protracted litigation is certain to follow the attempt of the Bay Cities Company to divert any of these waters. The Spring Valley Water Company of San Francisco, a \$50,000,000 corporation, has served its notice upon the Bay Cities Company and upon the city of Oakland that it claims all of the waters and will, in every way, assert its rights to them. The only answer which the Bay Cities Company makes to this is that they expect such litigation, to go ahead, they are prepared to defend it. It thus appears that the city of Oakland is asked to bond itself for \$6,000,000 to buy law suits, the outcome of which no one will guarantee. We say, therefore, upon this point that the only proper method of presenting the question to the voters of Oakland, before they are asked to vote away their own and the city's credit, is that a specific contract should be drawn up to which the Bay Cities asserts and

which meets the approval of the legal advisers of the city, that the voters should be given an opportunity to study the terms and conditions of this contract and thus be enabled to vote intelligently upon the question. Only by this method can they vote intelligently upon it. This is what you would do in your private affairs, this is what we would do in our private affairs. The endeavor to have the bond election precede the framing of the contract is itself sufficient to the thinking man to condemn the whole proposition, for, after the bonds are voted and after we have thus lost the right of control in the matter, who can tell what sort of contract will be entered into, who can say how prudently matters will be managed who will guarantee that our rights will be safeguarded, and that there will not be a careless, or reckless, or wanton dissipation of the city's money? The temptation will be great and the people will have lost the power to put any effective check upon it.

IV.—A COMPETITIVE SUPPLY.

"The proposition involves the acquisition by the city of a water supply while the existing Contra Costa Water Company is still in the field. In other words, the city proposes to enter into competition with the existing company. As to this it has been said by the Bay Cities Company that by so doing the city of Oakland will reap an enormous profit. To this the public question was asked of the president of the company, why, if that were so, they did not proceed with their works, themselves enter the field as competitors, and thus reap this large profit themselves? No answer to this very pertinent question has ever been made, and yet the common sense of everyone of us tells us that, if there were any assurance of profit in the expenditure of this amount of money and the entering into competition with an existing supply, the promoters of the scheme, being men of financial standing and men who do not pretend to be actuated by benevolent or philanthropic motives, would develop their own properties and reap these enormous profits. But just what, from a common sense standpoint, will this competition mean? It will mean, without at present going into figures, that the city will have to raise an annual revenue from its plant of some \$800,000. It will mean, therefore, the necessary establishment of a water rate not less than the present one. It means that every dollar of this amount which is not raised from the revenue of the water company will have to be raised by general taxation. So far as the Contra Costa Company is concerned, we

will say that the effect of such competition will be the destruction of its stock values. We will concede, if you please, as a business proposition, that it will mean that the bond holders will take over the property, but when that time comes what has been accomplished? Great loss will have fallen upon the stockholders, it is true, but the Contra Costa properties are still there and still supplying the city of Oakland. The bonded indebtedness of the Contra Costa is \$3,500,000. The bonded indebtedness of the city of Oakland upon this plant will be \$6,000,000. As a business proposition let us ask you how successfully can a concern in which \$6,000,000 is invested compete with another which can supply exactly the same goods and perform just as good a service, and upon which the private owners, economically administering it, need to get a return upon only \$3,500,000? To this question let answer be made by the water supply committee of the present Council, which comprised Messrs. Howard, Dornin, Cuvelier, Pendleton and Elliot. In their report of January 18th, 1904, they say: "Do the electors, who are property owners desire to mortgage their property for the sum of \$6,000,000 to embark in a struggle of indefinite length with an established concern for a division of its business, that yield in the gross only \$600,000 per annum? The private corporation may be forced to suspend dividends and to default in the interest on its bonds. It may go through the process of a receivership and a reorganization, emerging with a reduced capitalization and a lower indebtedness, but although the share value may be wiped out and the bond value may be decreased, the plant and the system will still be in existence, a standing menace to any similar investment on the part of the city. Nor, because of a disagreement between the citizens and the water company as to the val-

ue of its property, or as to the rates of revenue, does the committee feel justified in recommending a competing plant, and a consequent war of rates, for the purpose of beating the water company into submission and ultimately purchasing its system at a low price. We believe that the city's power should not be used for such purpose, and at such cost to itself.

V.—IMPOSSIBILITY OF OTHER PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

"There are other considerations of importance that need only to be suggested. This proposed bonded indebtedness, with the bonds now outstanding, will practically exhaust the bonding capacity of the city, which, being 16 per cent upon \$11,000,000, amounts to but \$7,650,000. When the limit of its borrowing capacity is thus reached, there is an end for a generation to come of any prospect of the acquisition of parks, of the improvement of the sewer system, or of the erection of suitable municipal public buildings.

VI.—TAXES.

"The present tax rate of the City of Oakland is \$2.89, the city rate being \$1.26, the county rate \$1.63. With this extremely high percentage, drawn from a valuation of \$11,000,000, this city has never yet been able to take proper care of its streets, to develop its sewers, or to construct creditable public buildings. Yet it should be observed that this tax rate is nearly 3 per cent, and is quite as high a rate of interest as government bonds bear. Or, to put it in another way, if a man's house is assessed for two, three, four or five thousand dollars, it requires the savings bank interest upon an equal sum of money to maintain his home, that is to say, to pay his taxes and insurance. The consequences which follow a high tax-rate should be apparent to every one. It is not alone that the owner of the property has to pay this high tax-rate, but the very fact that the tax is high depresses the value of all real estate, since it presents no tempting offer to a man to be told that before he can look for any return from the land that he buys it must bring in some way three per cent for taxes. It means further that the interest to every borrower upon real estate is made correspondingly high, since every lender of money, in fixing his rate of interest, provides that in some way the borrower shall pay the taxes upon it. It means to the man who rents his house that his rents are higher, because in that way the owner compels him to pay the taxes. It means, for the same reason that men looking to engage in business or manufacture will be discouraged by such a tax-rate, and will turn their attention to other localities. All these are the very obvious effects of an excessive tax-rate, but what will follow as to the tax-rate if such a competition as that proposed shall be entered into by the city? Let this question again be answered by an extract from the same report of the Council Committee, above quoted:

"The results that would logically follow from such business rivalry are:

"1. A DIVISION OF THE BUSINESS."

"It is safe to assume that the Contra Costa Company would lose the trade now controlled by the City Government. As to the domestic supply, the trade would follow the lower cost. Civic pride will be captured by the cheaper water. There would be a private corporation fighting for its life, and that would use methods to retain business that this community would be loath to trust to City officials operating through employees whose governing sentiments would be absolutely indifferent. Under such circumstances it would be an exaggeration to assume that the city could take away from the present company more than fifty per cent of the volume, which averages about 10,000,000 gallons per day.

"II. SLAUGHTERING OF RATES."

"The private water company would set the pace for the city, and in order to get business the city would be compelled to follow, if not to offer the inducement of lower rates. The average rate received by the Contra Costa Water Company in 1902 was, as nearly as may be determined, about 16 1/2 cents per 1000 gallons. It is safer to say that, under the fierceness of rivalry, the average rate would drop to at least 10 cents per 1000 gallons, for during the war between the Contra Costa and the Oakland Companies it went far below that figure. With these assumptions, which are too favorable to the city, we have a positive business of 5,000,000 gallons per day, which, at 10 cents per 1000 would yield a gross income of \$500 per day, \$182,500 per year, with which to meet fixed charges. In the beginning of \$390,000 per annum, plus operating expenses and renewals. It is a sufficient answer to say that du-

ring such a struggle the loss to the city would meet its compensation in the reduction of the total cost for water furnished to the consumers? It is doubtful whether, at the end of a year this would be the sentiment of the taxpayers. But assume it to be true, what provision could be made to meet a certain and a large deficit out of the city's total revenue, which in 1903 was \$719,556.40, and of which \$413,990.30 was absorbed in wages and salaries, leaving a balance of only \$305,566.10, that was found to be utterly inadequate for the other and pressing needs of the city.

"Upon this bonded indebtedness of \$6,000,000 the city must provide 4 per cent for interest and 2 1/2 per cent for bond redemption. The deterioration of the plant, as testified by the engineers, amounts to 2 1/2 per cent more, and this requires that provision should be made in some way for that, or at the end of 40 years the plant is worn out. No one pretends to say that a public concern is operated as cheaply as a private concern, and the operating expenses of the existing company are sworn to be \$177,002.13. Every new house built within the city is entitled to municipal water, if there be municipal water, and provision must be made, therefore, for renewals and extensions.

By these figures, therefore, it is conservative to say that the city must make an income from the property of at least \$600,000 a year. To construct its distributing plant means the tearing up of 200 miles of our streets to parallel existing pipes, and cross-connections by the thousands to enter the houses. What effect this will have upon residence property is a question each one may answer for himself. But of the \$600,000 revenue which must be drawn from the plant to make it supporting, how much, under competition, can the city expect to get? The above quoted report declares that upon assumptions which are too favorable to

the city it would not equal one-half of the business. There would be an annual deficiency then of at least \$104,000 to be made good by general taxation. To raise \$200,000 by general taxation will necessitate an increased tax-rate over the present of \$2.19 to \$2.39. To this, again should be added \$14 for interest and redemption of the new school bonds, and it may be regarded, therefore, as a certainty that Oakland's future tax-rate will be \$2.53.

VII. UNEQUAL BURDEN ON PROPERTY OWNERS.

"As it now is only the consumer pays for water. Under municipal ownership the property of everybody, whether consumer or not, will be taxed to meet deficiencies and to pay for the plant. The injustice of this is apparent. Not only will all vacant and unimproved property have to pay water tax, but every citizen who draws his supply from his own well will likewise have to pay this extra tax, and of this last class alone there are over one thousand in our city.

"And, finally, this consideration should be brought to your attention. The last bond election cost this city nearly \$10,000. It is now proposed to call another special bond election, but a few days in advance of the municipal election, and to involve the city in a like expense, and it is proposed to do this without any opinion from the city's advisers as to the legality of the proceedings, and without giving the voters an opportunity to know under what form of contract it is proposed to expend their money.

"For these reasons we believe the bond election to be ill-advised, and the effect upon the city and all of its interests, if carried, would be most disastrous."

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"We cannot look with favor upon a plan the inevitable outcome of which we believe to be as above expressed.

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MONDAY,.....MARCH 6, 1905.

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DELE-UDRY is not a lady.
BATH MASSAGE by Swedish masseuse
305 San Pablo ave. phone Black 4912.
SURVEYOR-Jad on 200 acres to be sur-
veyed 20 miles from Oakland, all ex-
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I can do the setting cheaper than
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MRS. FOSTER, Astrologist, life reader,
hours 1 to 5, 504 E. 12th St.,
Market st., room 9, top floor S. F.

PICTURE MOUNTING, poster style, show
cards, 3000, rooms 222-223, Bacon
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DOING hair, an orphan, desire a hus-
band who has home, I am good look-
ing, good seamstress and housekeeper.
Address Maiden, care Box 43, Phoenix
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SCIENTIFIC MASSAGE by Mrs. Adell
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IDEAL hair dyeing comb, no more gray,
faded or streaked hair, restores it to its
natural color by simply combing it
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410 Post St., S. F.

MISS DULLEY permanently removes
superfluous hair by electrolysis, needles,
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REMOVED-Mrs. P. Wilson, 561 14th
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and Toilet Soap, 5000, rooms 222-223,
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E. C. WAKELAND, 615 8th St., key d-
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general repairing. Tel. Main 606.

MADAME SOUDAN, a well-known spiritual-
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A-1000 reward for case of acute rheu-
matism, falling bar, diphtheria, diphtheria,
moths, patches, moths, superfluous hair,
proaches, eczema, scrofula, or letter call
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PEOPLE having bar roofs or other car-
pentary work, new or old, promptly
done. 800 Alameda St., Oakland.

INFORMATION WANTED.
Anyone knowing of the present where-
abouts of Mrs. Parent or Mrs. Parent
will confer a great favor by addressing
Box 308, Alameda Office.

OAKLAND WINDOW CLEANING CO.
Special prices on weekly or monthly
contracts for cleaning windows, mir-
rors, show cases or scrubbing floors,
best work guaranteed. Tel. 6000, 600
Alameda St., Oakland.

LADIES-Why not wear perfect fitting,
small looking, gowns, waists, skirts,
etc. for simple, elegant, and
investigate and let us explain
method. Academy of Dressmaking &
Designing, 1515 15th St., Alameda

LADIES-Use French Safety Corsets, ab-
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\$1.50 per box. Address Dr. C. Thomp-
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JAPANESE florist-We have at all times
fresh cut flowers and general floral ar-
rangements and house plants at the low-
est rates; orders promptly and satisfactorily
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Gauge Depot, 14th St.

GAS CONSUMERS' ASSN. reduces your
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HORSES and buggies to rent cheap at 613
Broadway. Horses boarded and sold,
gentle drivers for men or women. Mrs.
Hayes, prop.

ORIENTAL RESTAURANT, removed to
across street, 467 8th St.

J. A. JONES, bicycle man and locksmith,
removed from 10th St. to 575 10th
St., phone Black 7322.

E. J. STEWART & CO., Real Estate,
Loans and Insurance, have removed to
513 Broadway, corner 8th St.

DAVIS-Contractor, Retired carpenter,
best work, 210 2nd St., Oakland.

SNELL CYCLERY, A. A. Ambrose, prop.,
Best bicycle doctor in town, 409 13th
St., phone James 241.

NOTICE-If any person or persons have
lost a red shirt with 100, apply to the
watchman of the Alameda Hotel. This
notice must be paid by owner and
also for the labor of getting the shirt.
Best looking, 1000, 1000, 1000, 1000,
River, United Eng. Wks., Oakland

LOST-Bet. Macdonough Theater and 8th
St., lady's small gold watch, diamond in
case, liberal reward. Return to 475
22d St.

LOST-March 1 dog, black and white
King Charles spaniel, weight about 15
lbs., Oakland 1205 tag \$15; reward \$25
29th St.

LOST-Black cocker spaniel dog, with
collar and license tag No. 2738, answers
to the name of Prince, return to either
24th St. or East Oakland, or 409 8th
St., and receive reward.

IF YOU LOSE ANYTHING
ADVERTISE IT HERE.
IT WILL BE RETURNED TO YOU IF
AN HONEST PERSON FINDS IT.
Remarkable recoveries are brought
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FOUND-Everyday. Owner can have same
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STOLEN or lost-On March 1, boy's Day-
ton wheel, No. 99943, 19-inch frame.
Liberal reward on return to 1218 Tele-
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LOST-A child's bracelet, engraved
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LOST-A lady's gold watch and fob; en-
graving inside back case. "Madge
Clark." Return to Tribune office, Re-
ward.

UMBRELLAS repaired and re-covered.
Novelty Repair Works, 809 San Pablo

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE.

SWEDISH woman wishes housework by
the day, washing and ironing preferred.
660 7th St.

WANTED-Position in doctor's office by
a competent lady or as housekeeper for
gentleman. Call or address 628 17th St.,
phone John 482.

WANTED-By competent woman, good
cook or will do second work, \$20 to \$25,
555 15th St., near Clay

WOMAN wants washing by the day. 603
16th St.

WOMAN wants to do washing or house-
keeping by the day. Address Box 62,
Tribune office.

COMPETENT woman desires housework
in small family. Box 667, Tribune, h

CAPABLE woman, good cook; general
housework. 612 9th St.

COMPETENT young German woman, good
cook, work by the day, good cook,
\$15 to \$20.

WOMAN wants laundry or other work
Monday, Thursday and Friday. 1011
Webster st.

A GIRL wants light housework; speaks
English and a little English; no washing
1510 Broadway.

WANTED-By middle-aged American
lady position as housekeeper for 2 old
people or invalid. Apply Housekeep-
ing, 1212 Broadway.

GIRL wishes situation to do general
housework. \$11 36th St.

COMPETENT girl wishes to assist with
light housework. Box 661, Tribune, h

A REFINED woman from Europe, ac-
complished in languages and piano,
wishes position as governess or to
do second work for a small family, is
a good seamstress. Address P. O. Box
415, 10th St.

RELIABLE woman wants work by the
day. 1054 Broadway; phone Black
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HELP WANTED-FEMALE.

WANTED-Young girl to do light house-
work and care for baby. 322 Oak St.

WANTED-Neat, competent girl for gen-
eral housework. Call or address 1522
28th St., East Oakland.

WANTED-Reliable girl for general
housework; light washing; wages \$20
1862 Telegraph Ave., cor. 27th St.

COMPETENT young woman to brush hair
by the day. 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

LADIES wanted to make sofa pillows at
home for wholesale house; some taste
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Call or address 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED-Young girl to assist in house-
work and care of baby; must be neat
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Webster St.

GIRL to assist in housework, plain cook-
ing. 580 Alameda.

WANTED-Young girl to assist in light
housework, small family, wages \$15
1000 Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED-Reliable girl to care for two
children and up stairs work. 1021 Mag-
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LADIES-Earn \$20 per hundred writing
short letters. Send stamped envelope
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WANTED-Ladies to learn barber trade,
8 weeks complete, tuition earned while
learning, hair dressing, manicuring, etc.
terms now. Write Moir System Col-
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EXPERIENCED saleslady for military
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WANTED-Woman to do washing on
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WANTED-Girl for assisting in house-
keeping. Apply at 1616 West St.

WANTED-Reliable girl for cooking and
general housework, no washing; wages
\$15. 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED-Young girl to assist with sec-
ond work and children. Call 1350 Web-
ster St.

YOUNG girl to assist in general house-
work, 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED-Competent second girl. Apply
176 Lake St.

WANTED-Girl for general housework
and plain cooking in small family. Ad-
dress 1725 Fulton St., cor. Ward, Berke-
ley.

WANTED-All male and female help
looking for work. Call at Red Cross
Office, 550 8th St., phone Black 812.

YOUR garments dyed free this month;
also for pressing, only. Golden
Gate Dyeing and Dye Works, 1237
Broadway; phone John 291.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

JAPANESE Couple want position, cook
and second work, in a private family in
the country or town. Address G. Sumi,
1628 Park St., Alameda.

VARNISHER finished, not afraid of work,
wages \$15. 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

YOUNG married man wants position in
gent's furnishing, clothing or shoe de-
partment, thoroughly experienced. Box
308, Alameda Office.

CARPENTER, experienced mechanic,
wants work by the day or contract;
please call or address, Carpenter, 830
Webster St., Oakland.

JAPANESE schoolboy wishes situation to
study, 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED-Work by experienced de-
tective. 861 Broadway, Room 6

HELP WANTED-MALE.

WANTED-A young man having a home
in Oakland, qualified to make a good
clerk, one who is willing to learn a
good line, wages to begin with \$10
week. Schlusser & Co., 1152 Wash-
ington St.

WANTED-A rough carpenter and handy
man. 1650 Fruitvale Ave., Fruitvale.

WANTED-Boy 16 to 17 years of age to
learn business. Apply Bowman & Co.,
1402 Broadway.

WANTED-Then to learn barber trade,
8 weeks complete; positions guaranteed;
tuition earned while learning. Write
Moir System College, 1000 Broadway,
Oakland.

EXPERIENCED insurance man wanted,
salary and commission. Apply 44 Mac-
donough Bldg., 14th and Broadway, 8 to
10.

A SOBER man, with some experience in
governing, may have room and part of
the board in exchange for light work
around the house. Call or address 1000
Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED-Men to learn the barber
trade, 8 weeks complete; tuition earned
while learning. Write Moir System Col-
lege, 1000 Broadway, Oakland.

JAPANESE AND CHINESE EMPLOY-
MENT OFFICE-First-class help at
every kind furnished. Tel. John 1251,
415 7th St., MASUDA.

VALPEAU'S FEMALE PILLS.

VALPEAU'S female pills are sure; best
regulating pills sold; price \$2.50 or ex-
press. Osgood's Drug Store, Oakland.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING.

ARTHUR WAUGH, 587 11th St., phone
Red 5432. Jewelry made to order.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS.

TWO or 3 furnished housekeeping rooms;
reasonable. 750 16th St.

TWO or 3 newly furnished rooms for
housekeeping, 225 7th St., phone 78

THREE furnished rooms for housekeep-
ing. 518 10th St.

FOR RENT-Furnished housekeeping
rooms, large sunny, every convenience.
771 5th St., cor. Market.

SUNNY furnished housekeeping rooms to
let. 551 Myrtle St.

NICELY furnished sunny front alcove
room; running water; large closet;
phone; big also another sunny room
if wanted; select location, near car line
412 Broadway St., Tel. Brown 323.

FURNISHED housekeeping rms., modern
conveniences, gas range, etc. \$13
10th St.

THREE furnished housekeeping rooms
585 33d St., bet. Tel and Grove, adults.

FOR RENT-A nice unfurnished room for
housekeeping, with bath, gas and elec-
tricity, light, airy, rent to narrow gauge.
1212 Broadway.

THREE furnished front rooms, 54
rte. 322; also 2 rooms. 616 12th St.

TWO completely furnished front rooms
for housekeeping; gas bath, phone;
\$15 12th St., half block to narrow gauge.

THREE sunny furnished housekeeping
rooms; gas range, electric floor
station. 1206 Franklin St.

NICELY furnished housekeeping rooms;
also single, gas and coal stoves. 143
Broadway.

TWO furnished rooms for light house-
keeping; also 1 single room. 1123 Myr-
tle St.

TWO or three housekeeping rooms for
rent, bath, etc., partly furnished if de-
sired; 25 blocks from Key Route Sta-
tion, references. Box 625 Tribune.

NEWLY furnished sunny housekeeping
rooms, choice bath, phone, gas, elec-
tricity. 1000 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPING, 2 and 3 rooms, ele-
tricity, furnished. Ad. 1000 Broadway.

THREE sunny, well furnished house-
keeping rooms, with bath, gas range;
advertisers. 792 Telegraph Ave.

"DUNDAS" Apartments-Sunray 3 and 4-
room suites, private bath, up-to-date;
furnished and unfurnished. 348 S.
Pablo ave. and 17th St.

SUNNY front housekeeping rooms also
single; convenient to central. Apply
Box 612.

TWO or three furnished rooms, with use
of kitchen; also use of piano in private
family of two. New house; handy to
both trains; references. Box 675,
Tribune.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

A SUNNY furnished room in choice loca-
tion. 1500 Franklin St.

GENTLEMAN to rent large sunny room
in private home, beautifully located;
comforts of home; reasonable to de-
cided party. Box 600, Tribune.

FRONT sunny window room, nicely fur-
nished; sun all day, 5 minutes' walk
from train, 410 Alameda.

SUNNY single room, 36 months, nicely and
conveniently furnished. 545 18th St.,
near San Pablo ave.

SUNNY furnished rooms, 2 blocks from
narrow gauge. Light housekeeping. 1217
Hercules.

FOR RENT-Part of a nicely modern
home, furnished, central. 682 11th St.

SUNNY furnished front rooms, adults.
1116 Bush St.

1258 FRANKLIN-Parlor, suite or single;
suitable for 1 to 4 gentlemen.

CLEAN, sunny rooms, \$1 per week; also
narrow suitable for 1 or 2. 817 10th St.

LARGE, sunny room, gentlemen preferred
1000 Broadway.

WILL rent large sunny room, with use
of entire house, to lady; beautiful loca-
tion, reasonable to congenial party; ob-
ject of the house, 317 Oakland Ave.

THREE large, nicely furnished sunny
rooms, central location. 667 11th St.

THREE sunny furnished housekeeping
rooms; large yard; bath. 821 15th St.,
near West.

SUNNY room; central location, to a gen-
tleman. 1383 Harrison St.

TWO cheap rooms (outside) at rear of
817 19th St., slightly furnished.

NICELY furnished sunny front rooms.
702 11th St.

NICE sunny front room, suitable for 2
gentlemen, with board. 674 22d St.

LARGE rooms, suitable for 1 or 2 gen-
tlemen, also 1 room, suitable
for housekeeping. 215 11th St.

TO LET-2 large furnished rooms, 554
14th St., cor. Clay. Gentlemen pre-
ferred.

FURNISHED room, 2 blocks from San
Pablo, Key Route Station. 2207 Alameda

TWO sunny, elegantly furnished rooms;
modern home, bath, gas, pantry; run-
ning water; sun all day, select neighbor-
hood. 581 31st St.

NICE newly furnished room, very rea-
sonable to 1 or 2 respectable people.
658 8th St., flat 2.

FOR RENT, furnished rooms, \$20, 215
10th St.

THREE neatly furnished rooms and
bath for housekeeping; private entrance.
571 24th St.

FALLER HOUSE, 1241 Broadway, fur-
nished rooms also housekeeping rooms.
FURNISHED rooms to let. 477 10th St.

WELL furnished, modern rooms; 815
11th St.; also housekeeping and fur-
nished rooms. 4610 Grove St., cor. 4th
near Key Route.

FURNISHED rooms for housekeeping.
612 22d St., near Telegraph Ave.

FOR RENT-Upper or lower floor, clean
sunny rooms; central; separate en-
trance; housekeeping or single. 615
15th St.

HOTEL ARLINGTON.
Elegant furnished rooms, single or en-
suite, large and airy; special rate to
travelers; travelers and transients paid
particular attention to. American or
European plan; cor. 9th and Washing-
ton.

ROOMS to rent furnished, for gentlemen
only, centrally located. Address
3141, Tribune Office.

ATLANTIC new building; furnished
rooms single or in suite. 950 Frank-
lin.

ROOMING HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-Purpure of 21-room house,
fitted for housekeeping. Box 632, Trib-
une office.

FURNITURE for sale, 9 rooms; low rent;
large house, full of roomers; price \$250.
517 16th St.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

TWO unfurnished rooms connecting; 1
front, 1 rear. 1821 Woolsey St., Berke-
ley.

TWO unfurnished rooms; gas; running
water; for light housekeeping; central lo-
cation. 1201 Market St., Oakland.

TWO large unfurnished sunny rooms,
with pantry large enough to be used
for kitchen, for light housekeeping in
a new, up-to-date upper flat in fine
locality; references given and required.
Box 318, Tribune office.

TWO sunny unfurnished housekeeping
rooms; modern flat. 328 Tel. ave.

FOR RENT-At 1323 Broadway, opp.
restaurant, newly papered rooms, up-
per sink; will rent to grown people; cheap.
only \$12.

THREE unfurnished rooms; bath; gas for
light; \$14. 3819 Grove St.

PLEATING, PINKING EMBROIDRY.

MRS. M. A. CAHILL, 1806 Broadway.
Artistic needlework; patterns for stamp-
ing.

HOUSES UNFURNISHED-TO LET.

FOR RENT-In Lakeside district, mod-
ern home 9 rooms and bath; beautiful
grounds, \$28. 2000 to Realty Bonds &
Finance Co., 1172 Broadway.

SPECIAL.
\$2500-Swift, up-to-date cottage; close to
town, trains and schools; on car
line and overlooking the bay; magnifi-
cent view.

\$2500-Cottage; 2 blocks to local
station; 7 blocks to heart of city.
\$2250-Up-to-date cottage of 8 rooms; 1
block. One street station and few
minutes to town.

\$1750-Plane, modern cottage of 5 rooms
and bath; first-class modern, newly
painted and papered; plenty of yard
and sunlight.

See many flats and houses for
rent. See us for furnished houses for
the summer.

LAYMAN REAL ESTATE CO.
1000 Broadway, 3rd St.

THREE-ROOM cottage, acre land, on
Moss ave.; rent \$7. Apply 8707 Pled-
mont ave.

LARGE cottage, 511 22d St. Inquire 577
Telegraph Ave.

FOR RENT-Handsome residence, 10
rooms; large conservatory, stable, 10
lawns; rent low. 589, 24th St., near
Grove. Inquire R. Frank, 697 Sycam-
ore St., Oakland.

FOR RENT-A modern Colonial house, 7
rooms and bath; modern kitchen;

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same Construction Co.
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STREET WORK
 Using the Ransome System of
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 473 14th Street
 Oakland, California
 Telephone 421.

PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY
LASSALLE BROS., Proprietors.
 Cor. Tenth and Webster Streets.
 Telephone White 856, Oakland.
 All quality French bread delivered to
 all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda.
 Leaves made to order for parties.

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 SAN FRANCISCO
 Market St., Opp. Palace Hotel
**The Leading Tailors of the
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REMOVED TO 112 SUTTER ST.
 Imported and Domestic Cloths
 of the very latest fabrics are
 now being made up in the new-
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SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER.

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 207 Broadway, Oakland

YEARS IN EUROPE AND AUSTRALIA.
 Established Thirteen Years in Oakland.
CONSULT FREE.
Dr. T. D. HALL,
SPECIALIST
 Quickly cures all
 Female Diseases
 and all
MEN
 Private Diseases
 Gonorrehea, Gleet,
 Stricture, Brachitis,
 Urethritis, Syphilis,
 Etc., Etc., Etc.
 Consultation free.

Dr. Hall's Medical Institute,
 112 Sutter Street, near Seventh Street,
 Oakland, Cal. Cures guaranteed. Hours 10
 a. m. to 6 p. m. and 7 to 9. Sundays 10 to 12
 p. m. Museum of Anatomy open daily. Free
 admission.

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PROBES
HOT SPRINGS
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 From Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica,
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 or Nervous Prostration.
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LOVER OF NATURE
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SHALL FIND
 What You Seek.
 This and this year's vacation at beautiful
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 Special Rates Special Rates and Information write
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 Passo Robles, Cal.

LEGAL.
PROBATE NOTICE.
 In the Superior Court of the County of
 Alameda, State of California.
 In the matter of the estate of Mora
 Barrett, deceased.
 Notice is hereby given that a petition
 for the probate of the will of Mora
 Barrett, deceased, and for the issuance
 of letters testamentary to the said
 Harriet Barrett, has been filed in this Court,
 and that Friday, the 10th day of March, A. D.
 at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court
 Room of Department No. 4 of said Court,
 at the City of Oakland, in said County of Alameda,
 will be heard for the hearing of said petition
 and proving said will, when and where any person
 interested may appear and contest the same.
 Dated February 24, 1905.
 JOHN P. COOK, Clerk.
 Wm. Zamborsky, Deputy Clerk.
 D. GRIMWOOD, Attorney for Petitioner,
 214 Pine street, San Francisco, Cal.
 Geo. W. Peck, Attorney for Defendant,
 214 Pine street, San Francisco, Cal.

PROBATE NOTICE.
 In the Superior Court of the County of
 Alameda, State of California.
 In the matter of the estate of Harriet
 Peck, deceased.
 Notice is hereby given that a petition
 for the probate of the will of Harriet
 Peck, deceased, and for the issuance
 of letters testamentary to the said
 Florence A. Nussbaumer of letters
 testamentary to the said Court Room of Department
 No. 4 of said Court, at the
 Court House in the City of Oakland, in said
 County of Alameda, has been set for the
 hearing of said petition and proving
 said will, when and where any person
 interested may appear and contest the same.
 Dated, February 27th, 1905.
 JOHN P. COOK, Clerk.
 A. Rogers, Deputy Clerk.
 GEORGE NUSSEBAUMER & BLACK, Attorneys
 for Petitioner, 13th and Broadway Streets,
 Oakland, Cal.

PROBATE NOTICE.
 In the Superior Court of the County of
 Alameda, State of California.
 In the matter of the estate of Caroline
 Peck, deceased.
 Notice is hereby given that a petition
 for the probate of the will of Caroline
 Peck, deceased, and for the issuance
 of letters testamentary to the said
 Frank William Nightingill of letters
 testamentary to the said Court Room of Department
 No. 4 of said Court, at the
 Court House in the City of Oakland, in said
 County of Alameda, has been set for the
 hearing of said petition and proving
 said will, when and where any person
 interested may appear and contest the same.
 Dated, February 24th, 1905.
 JOHN P. COOK, Clerk.
 A. Rogers, Deputy Clerk.
 Geo. W. Peck, Attorney for Petitioner,
 214 Pine street, San Francisco, Cal.

ANNUAL MEETING.
 The annual meeting of the stockholders
 of the Standard Briquette Company will
 be held at the office of the company, 465
 Franklin street, Tuesday, March the 7th,
 at 10 a. m.
 J. J. CRAWFORD, Secretary.

